



Business Results

for the second Quarter of FY2023/3

2022/10/31

NH Foods Ltd.

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FY2023/3 Results/Segment Results

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- 5. Financial Highlights (2) Business Profit by Segment
- 7. Segment Data: Processed Foods Business Division
- 9. Segment Data: Fresh Meats Business Division
- 11. Segment Data: Overseas Business Division

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- 23. Balance Sheets / Capital Expenditures / Depreciation and Amortization / Statements of Cash Flows
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- The Company has adopted International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").
- Starting with its consolidated financial forecasts for the fiscal year ended March 2020, the NH Foods Group has switched from the disclosure of operating income to the disclosure of business profit (calculated by deducting the cost of goods sold and selling, general and administrative expenses from net sales, accounting for foreign exchange gains and losses determined by the Group, and adjusting for IFRS compliance and non-recurring items). The purpose of this change was to provide a clearer indication of profit from business operations.
- Due to rounding, numbers may not match totals.
- Net sales, profit before tax, and business profit for the previous fiscal year are for continuing operations. The figures exclude results for marine foods operations, including those of Marine Foods Corporation and its affiliated companies, our shareholding in which was sold.

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Results for the first half of FY2023/3

					(¥ DIIION)
	FY2023/3 1Q	FY2023/3 2Q	1st half of FY2023/3	Variance	Variance (%)
Net sales	311.5	322.5	634.0	64.9	11.4
Business profit				(9.0)	(37.3)
(Business profit from continuing operation)	9.2	6.0	15.2	(7.9)	(34.3)
Business profit ratio	2.9%	1.9%	2.4%	(1.7)%	-
Profit before tax	14.4	7.9	22.3	(5.8)	(20.6)
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	10.2	5.3	15.5	(4.1)	(21.0)

(¥ hillion)

Reasons for year on year changes in the first-half results

Net sales increased by 11.4% thanks to the adjustment of selling prices in Japan and overseas to offset sharply higher procurement prices for fresh meats.

Business profit declined due to deterioration in the environment for the Processed Foods, Fresh Meats, and Overseas Business Divisions.

Profit before tax was 20.6% lower. This resulted from a decline in operating income and an increase in non-operating expenses.

Profit attributable to the parent was 21.0% lower due to a decline in business profit.



Business Profit by Segment

	FY2023/3 1Q	FY2023/3 2Q	1st half of FY2023/3	Variance	Variance (%)
Processed Foods Business Division	1.2	0.1	1.3	(5.7)	(80.9)%
(Continuing operations)				(4.5)	(77.3)%
Fresh Meats Business Division	7.1	7.2	14.2	(3.6)	(20.2)%
Overseas Business Division	0.3	(1.3)	(0.9)	(1.6)	
Baseball Club Business and others	0.8	1.1	1.9	1.5	347.3%
Eliminations, adjustments and others	(0.3)	(1.1)	(1.3)	0.3	
Consolidated	9.2	6.0	15.2	(7.9)	(34.3)%

Reasons for year on year changes in the first-half results

Processed Foods Business Division

(¥ billion)

Profit declined because of continuing rises in the prices of main and subsidiary materials and electric power charges, and the delayed recovery of sales volumes for flagship brands following price revisions.

Fresh Meats Business Division

Profit was lower due to the impact of soaring feed prices since the start of the second quarter. There was also a decline in domestic demand resulting from sharply higher prices for imported fresh meats.

Overseas Business Division

Profit was lower because of worsening returns from the beef business.

Baseball Club Business and others

Profit was higher compared with the first half of the previous year, when there were fewer games due to a disrupted professional baseball schedule.

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2. Segment Data: Processed Foods Business Division (1)



Sales were lower due to a volume decline in sales of consumer products following price revisions. Sharply higher prices for main and subsidiary materials and electric power caused profit to decline.

(¥ billion)

FY2023/3 results

	FY2023/3 1Q	FY2023/3 2Q	1st half of FY2023/3	Variance	Variance (%)				
Net sales								(39.0)	(16.0)%
(Net sales from continuing operations)	99.0	105.0	204.0	(4.7)	(2.3)%				
Business profit				(5.7)	(80.9)%				
(Business profit from continuing operations)	1.2	0.1	1.3	(4.5)	(77.3)%				
Business profit ratio	1.2%	0.1%	0.7%	-	-				

Net sales by channel/consumer product category (year on year)

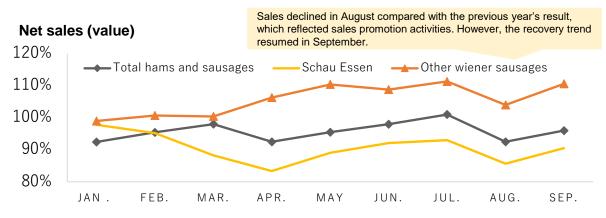
Hams and sausages	Volume	Amount	Hams and sausages	Amount	Deli and processed foods	Amount
Consumer	95%	96%	Wieners	93%	Chilled bakery	103%
Commercial-use	106%	107%	Loin hams	109%	Chilled dish	84%
Deli and processed foods	Volume	Amount	Bacons	104%	Fried chicken	101%
Consumer	91%	97%	Char-siu pork	101%	Hamburg and meatball	99%
Commercial-use	94%	100%	Consumer	96%	Consumer	97%

1st half Sales of consumer products

Lower sales due to a delayed recovery in sales of flagship brands after price revisions

- Hams and sausages: Roast ham products and *Hojun Wiener* sold well, but sales of *Schau Essen* sausages were lower due to a delayed recovery after price revisions.

- Deli and processed foods: Despite increased demand for snack foods and strong sales of chilled bakery products, sales of the *Chuka Meisai* range declined due to soaring vegetable prices and a delayed recovery after price revisions.



1st half-Sales of commercial product

- Hams and sausages: Sales were higher thanks to buoyant sales of products to convenience stores.
- Deli and processed foods : Sales to convenience stores were lower due to the impact of price revisions.

Dairy products, marine products, extracts, primary processing

- Consumer (dairy) products: Despite strong sales of *Torokeru(Smooth) Lassi*, sales were lower due to the slow recovery of *Vanilla Yogurt* sales after the price revisions.
- Commercial products : Sales increased thanks to strong demand for commercial cheese and extracts for the restaurant industry.

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Factor analysis: Changes in business profit							
	1 Q results	2Q results	1st half forecasts	1st half results	Variance		
Hams and sausages, deli and processed foods	(1.4)	(2.5)	(3.8)	(3.9)	(0.1)		
External factors	(2.4)	(3.6)	(6.3)	(6.1)	0.2		
Principal raw material prices	(1.0)	(1.5)	(2.6)	(2.5)	0.1		
Other materials/fuels	(1.5)	(2.1)	(3.7)	(3.6)	0.1		
Internal factors	1.1	1.1	2.5	2.2	(0.3)		
Effect of price revisions	0.7	0.7	1.6	1.4	(0.2)		
Improvement activities	0.3	0.4	0.9	0.8	(0.1)		
Dairy/marine products and extract/primary processing	0	0.2	0.1	0.1	0		
DX costs	(0.4)	(0.4)	(1.0)	(0.8)	0.2		
Total	(1.8)	(2.7)	(4.7)	(4.5)	(0.1)		

Analysis of reasons for variations from the 1st half plan

[Hams and sausages, deli and processed foods] ¥(0.1) billion (External factors) ¥0.2 billion Principal raw materials, other materials, and fuels :

Despite a fall in the value of yen from the first half onwards, procurements in the first half were largely in line with the plan.

(Internal factors) ¥(0.3) billion Effect of price adjustments:

As anticipated in the plan, selling prices rose due to price revisions. However, profit was lower due to a delayed recovery in sales volumes after the revisions.

Improvement activities:

The product mix deteriorated due to the delayed recovery in sales volumes for flagship brands.

[Dairy/marine products and extract/primary processing] ¥0 billion

- **Cheese:** The target was exceeded thanks to strong sales of cheese to the restaurant industry.
- **Yogurt:** The result fell short of the target because of the delayed recovery of sales volumes for *Vanilla Yogurt* following the price revisions.

Extract/primary processing: The target was not achieved due to a volume decline in sales to convenience stores.

* Year on year comparisons are based on continuing operations, excluding the marine food business of Marine Foods Corporation and its affiliated companies.

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Despite increased sales due to higher unit selling prices for imported and domestic meats, profit was lower because of higher-than-expected increases in feed and fuel prices.

(¥ billion)

FY2023/3 results

	FY2023/3 1Q	FY2023/3 2Q	1st half of FY2023/3	Variance	Variance (%)
Net sales	179.0	182.7	361.7	31.8	9.6%
Business profit	7.1	7.2	14.2	(3.6)	(20.2)%
Business profit ratio	3.9%	3.9%	3.9%	-	-

Sales volumes by channel (year on year)

<u>FY2023/3 Sales Results of four Nippon Food Group companies:</u> Overall volume growth of 101.4%



1st half sales by livestock type

- Beef: Sales increased thanks to increased sales of domestic beef and higher unit prices for imported beef.
- Pork: Sales were higher following price hikes to reflect higher domestic pork prices and sharply higher import procurement prices.
- Chicken: Sales increased thanks to higher sales volumes and unit prices for domestic chicken, reflecting demand growth driven by heightened priceconsciousness.

1st half sales by channel

- Volume retailers: Sales volumes were lower year on year due the reduced frequency of sales promotions by volume retailers. However, the value of sales rose thanks to price hikes to reflect cost increases.
- Restaurants: In addition to the recovery of the restaurant channel, the value of sales increased faster than the market recovery thanks to the proposal of products to meet needs.

1st half expansion of export business

 We displayed *wagyu* at an export expo and developed new sales channels in Asia. (*Wagyu* export volumes were up 126% year on year) () / L (11) - L)



Factor analysis: Changes in business profit							
	1 Q results	2Q results	1st half forecasts	1st half results	Variance		
Domestic beef/pork business	0.1	(0.4)	0.4	(0.3)	(0.7)		
Domestic chicken business	(1.7)	(0.4)	(2.6)	(2.1)	0.5		
Imported fresh meats business	(0.3)	(1.8)	0.6	(2.1)	(2.7)		
Food sales	0.7	0.6	2.4	1.4	(1.0)		
DX costs	(0.4)	(0.5)	(1.0)	(0.9)	0.1		
Others	(0.8)	1.2	0. 3	0.4	0.1		
Total	(2.5)	(1.1)	0.2	(3.6)	(3.8)		

Easter analysis: Changes in husiness profit

Year on year comparison of profit for 4 food companies COVID 2022 2021 responses in Tokyo ▼7th wave 100% YoY ▲Infection prevention measures ▲Infection prevention ▲ Transitional Jan. 21-Mar. 21 ▲ State of measures measures ▲ State of emergency Apr. 12–24 emergency Oct. 1-30 Apr. 25–Jun. 20 Jul. 12-Sep. 30 APR. MAY AUG. SEP. OCT. NOV. DEC. JAN, FEB, MAR, JUN. JUL.

Analysis of reasons for variations from the 1st half plan

[Domestic beef/pork business] ¥(0.7) billion

Production: Profit was below target mainly because of higher feed prices. Consignment business: Price hikes failed to keep pace with rising market prices, and profit fell below the target level

[Domestic chicken business] ¥0.5 billion

Production: Chicken prices were firmer than expected, but profit was below the target level because of rising feed prices.

Consignment business: Chicken demand expanded due to increased price-consciousness.

There was also a shift to domestic chicken because of sharply higher prices for imported meats. Profit exceeded the target level thanks to steady progress on price hikes.

[Imported fresh meats business] ¥(2.7) billion

Sharply higher procurement prices resulted in higher selling prices, leading to a decline in domestic demand. Profit was lower.

- **Beef:** Local livestock prices continued to rise, leading to persistently higher procurement prices. Profit was below the target level.
- **Pork:** Sales of frozen pork remained strong thanks to a recovery in the restaurant industry. However, sharply higher chilled pork prices caused demand to shift to domestic pork. Profit was below the target level.

[Food sales] ¥(1.0) billion

Sales: In addition to a recovery in restaurant demand, collaborative efforts with imported meat consignment segments resulted in higher sales volumes and a sustained recovery. However, profit fell below the target level due to the impact of the 7th COVID wave.

Logistics: Profit was below the target level due to rising power, fuel, and transportation costs, stagnating movements of imported fresh meats, and other factors.

4. Segment Data: Overseas Business Division (1)



Higher sales volumes and unit prices lifted the revenues for the Overseas Business segment as a whole. However, this was not enough to offset higher production, manufacturing, and feed costs and other factors, and profit declined.

FY2023/3 results (¥ billion)								
	FY2023/3 1Q		1st half of FY2023/3	Variance	Variance (%)			
Net sales	84.4	84.9	169.3	41.6	32.5%			
Business profit	0.3	(1.3)	(0.9)	(1.6)	-			
Business profit ratio	0.4%	-	-		-			

Breakdown of net sales by region

(¥ billion)

(¥ billion)

		FY2023/3 1Q	FY2023/3 2Q	1st half of FY2023/3	Variance	Variance (%)
A	ustralia	36.4	34.0	70.3	22.5	46.9%
	Australia	25.8	27.3	53.1	15.4	40.9%
	Uruguay	10.6	6.7	17.3	7.1	69.1%
A	mericas	30.0	33.0	63.0	13.2	26.5%
A	sia & Europe	19.0	18.9	37.8	6.9	22.1%
Т	otal	84.4	84.9	169.3	41.6	32.5%

External customer net sales results

		FY2023/3 1Q	FY2023/3 2Q	1st half of FY2023/3	Variance	Variance (%)
Australia		31.8	30.1	61.8	20.8	50.9%
	Australia	22.6	23.9	46.5	14.3	44.4%
	Uruguay	9.1	6.2	15.3	6.6	74.5%
A	mericas	8.1	9.4	17.5	4.9	38.7%
A	sia & Europe	8.7	8.8	17.5	5.2	42.2%
Т	otal	48.5	48.3	96.8	30.9	46.9%

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1st half results by region

[Australia]

Australia: Sales were higher thanks to firm selling prices and a recovery in the

number of cattle processed.

Uruguay: Sales increased following the resumption of beef sales to China, to which it was not possible to export in the previous year.

[Americas]

Processed products: We responded to strong demand by expanding manufacturing lines, resulting in higher sales.

Exports: There was strong demand in South American pork, and sales increased.

[Asia & Europe]

Thailand (processed products): Sales were lower due to the delayed recovery of

processed food exports to Japan.

Turkey (Chicken): Sales continued to increase year on year in value terms.

* The net sales total for Overseas Business does not match the figures for individual regions due to the exclusion of inter-segment transactions.



	1 Q results	2Q results	1st half forecasts	1st half results	Variance		
Australia	0.5	(1.6)	0.4	(1.1)	(1.4)		
Australia	0.2	(0.6)	0.2	(0.4)	(0.6)		
Uruguay	0.3	(1.0)	0.2	(0.7)	(0.8)		
Americas	0	(0.3)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.1)		
Asia & Europe	0	(0.2)	0.2	(0.2)	(0.4)		
Others	0	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	0		
Total	0.6	(2.1)	0.3	(1.6)	(1.8)		

Factor analysis: Changes in business profit

Business profit

	FY2023/3 1Q	FY2023/3 2Q	1st half of FY2023/3	Variance	Variance (%)
Australia	0.3	(0.8)	(0.5)	(1.1)	-
Australia	0.7	0.2	0.9	(0.4)	(29.4)%
Uruguay	(0.4)	(1.0)	(1.4)	(0.7)	-
Americas	0.1	0.3	0.4	(0.2)	(36.6)%
Asia & Europe	0.2	△ 0.5	(0.3)	(0.2)	-
Others	(0.3)	△ 0.3	(0.5)	(0.1)	-
Total	0.3	∆ 1.3	(0.9)	(1.6)	-

Analysis of reasons for variations from the 1st half plan

[Australia]

(Australia) ¥(0.6) billion

The result was below the target level due to a higher cost ratio for beef.

(Uruguay) ¥(0.8) billion

The result was below the target level due to a higher cost ratio resulting from sharply higher beef livestock prices.

[Americas] ¥(0.1) billion

(Processed products)

The result was below target due to sharply higher chicken raw material prices.

(Meat exports)

(¥ billion)

The result was below target due to exchange rate factors.

[Asia & Europe] ¥(0.4) billion

(Turkey)

Despite price revisions, the result was below the target level due to cost increases driven by soaring feed prices and the weakness of the lira.

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Business profit forecast for FY2023/3

	FY2022/3 full year results	1Q Forecasts	2Q Forecasts	Variance	Variance (%)
Net sales	1,174.4	1,240.0	1,270.0	95.6	8.1%
Business profit	48.1	40.0	00.0	(12.1)	(25.2)%
(Profit from continuing operations)	45.8	43.0	36.0	(9.8)	(21.4)%
Business profit ratio	3.9%	3.5%	2.8%	(1.1)%	-
Profit before tax	51.4	42	35.0	(16.4)	(31.9)%
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	48.0	31	26.0	(22.0)	(45.9)%

Reasons for year on year changes

Net sales

(¥ billion)

Sales are expected to increase thanks to rising meat prices and higher sales volumes.

Business profit

Profit is expected to be lower due to the impact of a reduced first-half profit from the Fresh Meats Business, and lower profit from the Overseas Business over the whole year.

Profit before tax

Profit before tax is expected to decline 31.9% due to the impacts from lower business profit and equity earnings in affiliates in the previous fiscal year

Profit attributable to owners of the parent

Profit is expected to be 45.9% lower due the impact of the sale of Marine Foods Corporation and other factors.

1. Plan Highlights (2)



We revised the plans for the Fresh Meats and Overseas Business Divisions because of higher-than-expected feed prices, the impact of exchange rate trends, and soaring overseas cattle prices. We lowered the target to ¥36 billion to reflect reduced profit in the Fresh Meats Business from the soaring feed prices and forex impact and the revised forecast for the Overseas Business to account for high beef livestock prices. We expect to secure profits through recovery of sales of flagship brands in the Processed Foods Business Division and food sales in the Fresh Meats Business Division along with comprehensive efficiency improvement measures. (¥ billion)

Changes in the FY2023/3 business profit targets compared with the initial plan

		1st half				2nd half			Full year			
	FY2022/3 results	1Q forecasts	Results	Variance from forecast	FY2022/3 results	1Q forecasts	2Q forecasts	Difference from forecast	FY2022/3 results	1Q forecasts	2Q forecasts	Difference from forecast
Processed Foods Business Division	5.9	1.2	1.3	0.1	6.5	5.8	6.2	0.4	12.4	7.0	7.5	0.5
Fresh Meats Business Division	17.8	18.0	14.2	(3.8)	17.8	18	18.8	0.8	35.6	36.0	33.0	(3.0)
Overseas Business Division	0.6	0.9	(0.9)	(1.8)	1.8	2.1	1.0	(1.1)	2.4	3.0	0.1	(2.9)
Baseball Club Business and others	0.4	2.3	1.9	(0.4)	(2.0)	(2.3)	(3.3)	(1.0)	(1.6)	0.0	(1.4)	(1.4)
Eliminations, adjustments and other	(1.6)	(1.4)	(1.3)	0.1	(1.4)	(1.6)	(1.9)	(0.3)	(3.0)	(3.0)	(3.2)	(0.2)
Total	23.1	21.0	15.2	(5.8)	22.7	22	20.8	(1.2)	45.8	43.0	36.0	(7.0)

Business profit targets by segment

Processed Foods Business Division:

We are aiming for an early recovery in sales of flagship brands through enhanced TV commercials and sales promotions. We will secure profit through efficiency improvements, including an increased focus on manufacturing of high-productivity lines, the consolidation of product lines, and the reduction of labor costs.

Fresh Meats Business Division:

Profit declined in the first half due to rising feed prices and soaring prices for imported fresh meats. However, we will secure profit in second half, thanks to improvements in the meat mix and channel mix resulting from the recovery of food sales, as well as efficiency improvements achieved through organizational restructuring.

Overseas Business Division:

We will achieve an earnings recovery by expanding sales volumes in North America, where we have made progress with price revisions. However, we have revised the plan to reflect the impact of higher costs and lower selling prices on the overseas fresh meat business.

Baseball Club Business and others:

We have revised the plan for the second half because of advance costs arising from the opening of the ballpark.

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Business profit forecast for FY2023/3: ¥7.5 billion

Factor analysis: Changes in profit forecasts (¥ billion)									
		2nd half			Full year				
	1Q forecasts	2Q forecasts	Variance	1Q forecasts	2Q forecasts	Variance			
Hams and sausages, deli and processed foods	(0.7)	0	0.7	(4.5)	(3.9)	(0.6)			
External factors	(8.6)	(8.8)	(0.2)	(14.8)	(14.9)	(0.1)			
Principal raw material price	(4.5)	(4.0)	0.4	(7.0)	(6.5)	0.5			
Other materials/fuels	(4.1)	(4.7)	(0.7)	(7.8)	(8.3)	(0.6)			
Internal factors	7.9	8.8	0.9	10.3	11.0	0.6			
Effect of price revisions	6.6	6.9	0.3	8.2	8.3	0.1			
Improvement activities	1.3	1.9	0.6	2.1	2.7	0.5			
Dairy/marine products and extract/primary processing	0.5	0.3	(0.3)	0.6	0.4	(0.3)			
DX costs	(0.6)	(0.6)	0	(1.6)	(1.4)	0.2			
Total	(0.8)	(0.4)	0.4	(5.4)	(4.9)	0.5			

Net sales targets by channel/consumer product category (year on year)

Hams and sausages	Volume	Amount	Hams and sausages	Amount	Deli and processed foods	Amount
Consumer	96%	97%	Wieners	98%	Chilled bakery	101%
Commercial-use	98%	99%	Loin hams	109%	Chilled dish	96%
Deli and processed foods	Volume	Amount	Bacons	104%	Fried chicken	101%
Consumer	92%	96%	Char-siu pork	101%	Hamburg and meatball	102%
Commercial-use	92%	95%	Consumer	97%	Consumer	96%

2nd half analysis of reasons for variations from the profit forecasts

[Hams and sausages, deli and processed foods] ¥0.7 billion (External factors) ¥(0.2) billion

Principal raw materials: The recovery in the procurement environment, especially for beef, is exceeding our expectations.

Other materials: Prices for wheat, powdered egg white, packaging materials, and other materials will be sharply higher due to global inflation

Fuels: Heavy oil prices will rise further.

(Internal factors) ¥0.9 billion

Price adjustments: We will maximize the benefits of price revisions in February and October.

Improvement activities: We will consolidate lines and reduce labor costs. [Dairy/marine products and extract/primary processing] ¥(0.3) billion

Dairy products: We will revise prices, but performance will continue to be impacted by sharply higher prices for cheese, fuel, and electric power.

Extracts, primary processed products: We will revise prices, but performance will still be affected by soaring prices for beef raw materials, electric power, and fuel.

<Major efforts>

A 1 1111

(Consumer products)

- We will expand sales of flagship brands through enhanced promotions, including TV commercials.
- We will secure gross profit through the expansion of new product sales.
- We will continue to optimize our product portfolio through the consolidation of product lines.

(Commercial-use products)

- We will expand the introduction of standard products and seasonal items through the enhancement of menu proposal activities.
- We will enhance operational stability through production-sales collaboration.



Business profit forecast for FY2023/3: ¥33.0 billion

Factor analysis: Changes in profit forecasts									
		2nd half							
	1Q forecasts	2Q forecasts	Change	1Q forecasts	2Q forecasts	Change			
Domestic beef/pork business	0.3	(0.1)	(0.5)	0.8	(0.4)	(1.1)			
Domestic chicken business	(0.6)	1.0	1.6	(3.1)	(1.1)	2.1			
Imported fresh meats business	0.3	(0.6)	(0.9)	0.9	(2.7)	(3.6)			
Food sales	0.7	1.4	0.7	3.1	2.8	(0.3)			
DX costs	(0.6)	(0.6)	0	(1.5)	(1.5)	0.1			
Others	0	(0.2)	(0.2)	0.3	0.3	(0.1)			
Total	0. 2	1.0	0.8	0.4	(2.6)	(3.0)			

2nd half analysis of reasons for variations from the profit forecasts

[All domestic business areas]

External factors, such as feed and fuel prices, will continue to affect performance in the second half. However, we will work to reduce costs through collaboration with feed companies and organizational changes.

[Domestic beef/pork business] ¥(0.5) billion

Production: We will continue our efforts to improve productivity. We aim to expand production volumes and reduce costs.

Consignment (beef): We will enhance earning potential through *wagyu* exports. **Consignment (pork):** We will secure earnings by hiking prices to reflect cost increases. [**Domestic chicken business**] **¥1.6 billion**

Production: We will expand production of *Sakurahime* chicken and optimize inventory management and cold storage costs.

Consignment (chicken): We will expand production-sales collaboration toward an

increase in the sales share of *Sakurahime* chicken. We will also expand outside procurement. We will enhance profitability through increased exports of *Sakurahime* chicken.

[Imported fresh meats business] ¥(0.9) billion

The reduction of procurement volumes is expected to continue across the whole market due to sharply higher procurement prices.

- **Beef/Pork:** We aim to stabilize procurement by increasing imports from countries that have a price advantage .
- **Chicken:** We aim to expand sales of chicken from Thailand, where production is on a recovery trend.

[Food sales] ¥0.7 billion

The recovery in the restaurant industry is expected to continue, in part because of a turnaround in inbound tourism.

Sales: We will work to increase the sales share of branded fresh meats. Our newly formed restaurant sales team will work to expand sales.



Business profit forecast for FY2023/3: ¥0.1 billion

Factor analysis: Changes in profit forecasts(¥ b)									
		2nd half		Full year					
	1Q forecasts			1Q forecasts	2Q forecasts	Change			
Australia	(0.5)	(1.2)	(0.8)	(0.1)	(2.3)	(2.2)			
Australia	(0.3)	(1.2)	(0.8)	(0.1)	(1.6)	(1.4)			
Uruguay	(0.1)	0	0.1	0	(0.7)	(0.7)			
Americas	0.8	1.1	0.2	0.7	0.8	0.2			
Asia & Europe	0.1	(0.4)	(0.5)	0.2	(0.6)	(0.9)			
Others	(0.1)	(0.2)	(0.1)	(0.2)	(0.3)	(0.1)			
Total	0.3	(0.8)	(1.1)	0.6	(2.3)	(2.9)			

Business profit forecasts (4)									
		2nd half			Full year				
	1Q forecasts	2Q forecasts	Change	1Q forecasts	2Q forecasts	Change			
Australia	1.6	0.9	(0.8)	2.5	0.3	(2.2)			
Australia	1.5	0.6	(0.8)	3.0	1.5	(1.4)			
Uruguay	0.1	0.2	0.1	(0.5)	(1.2)	(0.8)			
Americas	1.4	1.6	0.2	1.8	2.0	0.2			
Asia & Europe	(0.3)	(0.8)	(0.5)	(0.2)	(1.1)	(0.9)			
Others	(0.6)	(0.7)	(0.1)	(1.2)	(1.2)	(0.1)			
Total	2.1	1.0	(1.1)	3.0	0.1	(2.9)			

2nd half analysis of reasons for variations from the profit forecasts

[Australia] (¥0.8 billion)

Selling prices are expected to fall due to softening demand in China.

Australia (¥0.8 billion)

Beef livestock prices are gradually falling, but the number of cattle processed is not expected to rise until the 4th quarter.

We will enhance branding and marketing.

Uruguay: ¥0.1 billion

Procurement prices are expected to fall further than the decline in beef selling prices. We will maximize earnings by optimizing production structures.

[Americas] ¥0.2 billion

Profitability will improve with the normalization of chicken raw material prices and the effects of price revisions.

[Asia & Europe] (¥0.5 billion)

Thailand

Raw material prices are expected to remain high. We will strengthen product supplies to convenience stores and food service companies in Japan.

Turkey

Production costs will continue to rise because of the weak lira and higher feed prices. We will maximize earnings by optimizing the product mix.

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Results/Segment Results

- 4. Financial Highlights (1) FY2023/3 2Q Results
- 5. Financial Highlights (2) Business Profit by Segment
- 7. Segment Data: Processed Foods Business Division
- 9. Segment Data: Fresh Meats Business Division
- 11. Segment Data: Overseas Business Division

FY2023/3 **Plan**

- 4. Plan Highlights
- 17. Processed Foods Business Division
 - Outlook
- 18. Fresh Meats Business Division: Outlook
- 19. Overseas Business Division: Outlook

FY2023/3

Key Financial Data/ Reference Data

- 21. FY2022/3 Business Results at a Glance and FY2023/3 Forecasts
- 22. FY2022/3 Sales by Product Category and FY2023/3 Forecasts
- 23. Balance Sheets / Capital Expenditures / Depreciation and Amortization / Statements of Cash Flows

25. External Environment: Market



(¥ million, %)

		FY2022/3 results					FY2023/3 f	orecasts		
		1st half results	2nd half results	Full year results	1st half results	Variance (%)	2nd half forecasts	Variance (%)	Full year forecasts	Variance (%)
(1)	Net sales	569,118	605,271	1,174,389	634,024	11.4	635,976	5.1	1,270,000	8.1
(2)	Cost of goods sold	468,057	506,304	974,361	541,782	15.8	531,218	4.9	1,073,000	10.1
	Gross profit	101,061	98,967	200,028	92,242	(8.7)	104,758	5.9	197,000	(1.5)
	Gross profit ratio	17.8%	16.4%	17.0%	14.5%	-	16.5%	-	15.5%	-
(3)	Selling, General and Administrative expenses	75,502	82,448	157,950	81,644	8.1	87,356	6.0	169,000	7.0
	Other income and expenses	(596)	2,651	2,055	9,027	-	(4,527)	-	4,500	-
	Finance income and costs	10	(1,801)	(1,791)	20	-	(1,020)	-	(1,000)	-
	Share of profit (loss) in investments accounted for using the equity method	3,100	5,924	9,024	2,646	(14.6)	854	(85.6)	3,500	(61.2)
	Profit before tax	28,073	23,293	51,366	22,291	(20.6)	12,709	(45.4)	35,000	(31.9)
	Income tax expense	8,069	4,599	12,668	5,892	(27.0)	3,108	(32.4)	9,000	(29.0)
	Tax rate	28.7%	19.7%	24.7%	26.4%	-	24.5%	-	25.7%	-
	Profit attributable to owners of the parent:	19,604	28,445	48,049	15,480	(21.0)	10,520	(63.0)	26,000	(45.9)
(4)	Operaing income (1)-(2)-(3)	25,559	16,519	42,078	10,598	(58.5)	17,402	5.3	28,000	(33.5)
(5)	Foreign exchange gains (losses)	(781)	(2,216)	(2,997)	(5,973)	-	-	-	-	-
(6)	Adjustments in accordance with IFRS and others	3,213	(3,959)	(746)	1,367	-	-	-	-	-
(7)	Adjustment for discontinued operations	(1,125)	(1,170)	(2,295)	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Business profit (4)-(5)-(6)-(7)	24,252	23,864	48,116	15,204	(37.3)	20,796	(12.9)	36,000	(25.2)

* Business profit figures for the previous fiscal year include the results for the marine foods business, including that of Marine Foods Corporation and its affiliated companies, our shareholding in which has since been sold.



(¥ million, %)

		F١	(2022/3 results	;		FY2023/3 forecasts							
		1st half results	2nd half results	Full year results	1st half results	Variance (%)	Volume growth	2nd half forecasts	Variance (%)	Volume growth	Full year forecasts	Variance (%)	Volume growth
Hams and	sausages	63,874	67,273	131,147	62,683	(1.9)	(2.7)	67,317	0.1	(1.8)	130,000	(0.9)	(2.3)
Processed	foods	111,560	113,416	224,976	116,383	4.3	(3.2)	117,617	3.7	0	234,000	4.0	(1.6)
Fresh mea	ats	345,615	377,228	722,843	398,607	15.3	1.5	399,393	5.9	(0.5)	798,000	10.4	0.5
	Beef	137,743	156,165	293,908	167,981	22.0	5.0	161,019	3.1	(1.6)	329,000	11.9	1.7
	Pork	112,368	118,394	230,762	121,533	8.2	2.8	123,467	4.3	1.7	245,000	6.2	2.3
	Chicken	85,786	93,763	179,549	99,320	15.8	(1.3)	104,680	11.6	(1.5)	204,000	13.6	(1.4)
	Other fresh meats	9,718	8,906	18,624	9,773	0.6	1.9	10,227	14.8	(2.0)	20,000	7.4	0.1
Dairy produ	ucts	17,120	18,094	35,214	18,126	5.9	(4.2)	19,874	9.8	(4.6)	38,000	7.9	(4.4)
Others (inc products)	cluding marine	30,949	29,260	60,209	38,225	23.5	-	31,775	8.6	-	70,000	16.3	-
Total		569,118	605,271	1,174,389	634,024	11.4	-	635,976	5.1	-	1,270,000	8.1	-

* Excluding results from discontinued operations (The Marine Foods Corp.)

3. Balance Sheets / Capital Expenditures / Depreciation and Amortization / Statements of Cash Flows



Со	Consolidated balance sheets (¥ million)										
		FY2022/3		FY2023/3							
		Year-end	1st half	Variance (%)	Variance						
Т	otal assets	909,213	946,987	4.2	37,774						
Т	otal liabilities	419,659	440,968	5.1	21,309						
	otal equity attributable to wners of parent	479,069	494,786	3.3	15,717						
	lon-controlling nterests	10,485	11,233	7.1	748						
Т	otal equity	489,554	506,019	3.4	16,465						

Capital expenditures, depreciation and amortization

(¥ million)

	FY2022/3		FY2	2023/3	
	1st half results	1st half results	Variance (%)	Variance	Full year forecasts
Capital expenditures	25,490	32,770	28.6	7,280	86,700
Processed Foods Business Division	4,872	3,479	(28.6)	(1,393)	14,320
Fresh Meats Business Division	5,834	7,607	30.4	1,773	27,020
Overseas Business Division	1,436	1,646	14.6	210	8,610
Baseball Club	7,691	14,254	85.3	6,563	22,200
Others	5,657	5,784	2.2	127	14,550
Depreciation and amortization	17,985	18,818	4.6	833	37,700

Consolidated statements of cash flows									
	FY2022/3		FY2023/3						
	1st half results	1st half results	Variance	Full year forecasts					
Cash flows from operating activities	9,317	(13,354)	(22,671)	55,800					
Cash flows from investing activities	(26,754)	(26,545)	209	(85,100)					
Cash flows from financing activities	1,819	11,938	10,119	18,700					

Major reasons for increase/decrease

(1) Total Assets

Increased ¥39.5 billion mainly due to inventories Increased ¥17.5 billion mainly due to property, plant and equipment

(2)Cash flows from operating activities

With regard to operating activities, the increase in trade and other receivables amounted to ¥11.2 billion, the increase in inventories amounted to ¥37.6 billion, and income tax paid amounted to ¥7.1 billion, while profit before tax amounted to ¥22.3 billion, and depreciation and amortization expense amounted to ¥18.8 billion. As a result, net cash used in operating activities amounted to ¥13.4 billion.

(3) Cash flows from investing activities

With regard to investing activities, acquisition of fixed assets amounted to ¥36.4 billion, while the decrease in short-term loans receivable amounted to ¥8.7 billion. As a result, net cash used in investing activities amounted to ¥26.5 billion.

(4) Cash flows from financing activities

With regard to financing activities, the increase in short-term bank loans amounted to ¥17.6 billion, and proceeds from debt amounted to ¥46.0 billion, while cash dividends amounted to ¥10.4 billion and repayments of debt amounted to ¥41.6 billion. As a result, net cash provided by financing activities amounted to ¥11.9 billion.

			112025/5
FY2023/3		FY2023/3	Key Financial Data/
Results/Seg	ment Results	Plan	Reference Data
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9. Segment Data: Fresh N		18. Fresh Meats Business Division: Outlook	Forecasts
11. Segment Data: Overse		19. Overseas Business Division: Outlook	23. Balance Sheets / Capital Expenditures / Depreciation

25. External Environment: Market

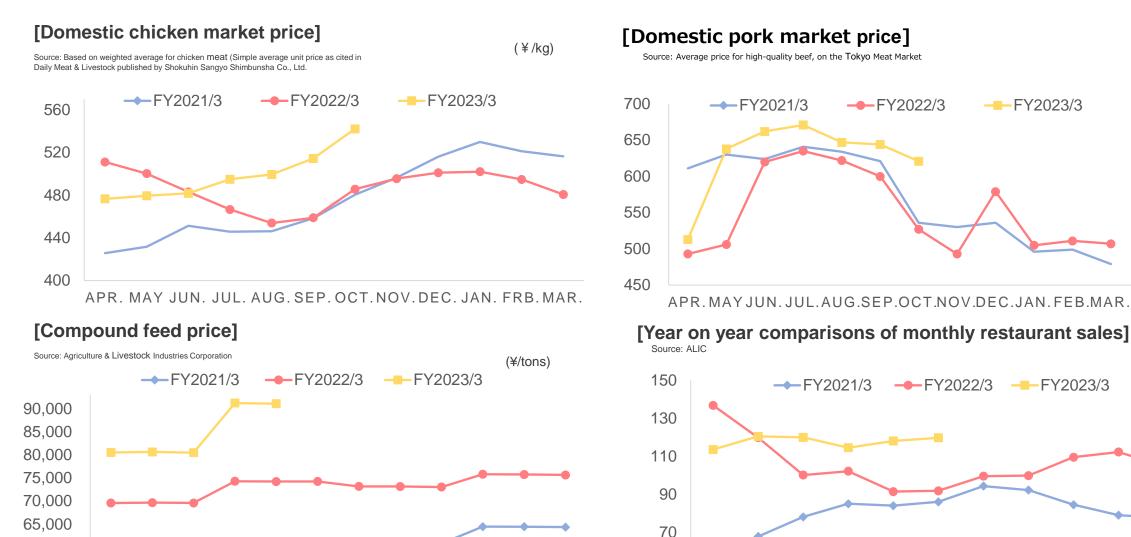
4. External Environment: Market



(¥/kg)

(%)

APR. MAY JUN. JUL. AUG. SEP. OCT. NOV. DEC. JAN. FEB. MAR.



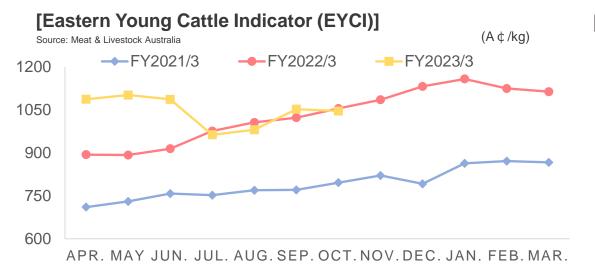
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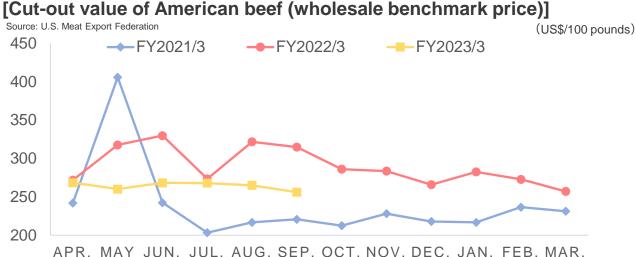
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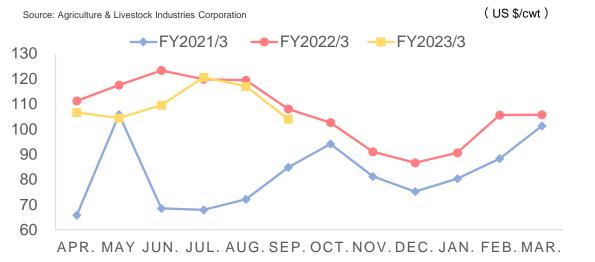
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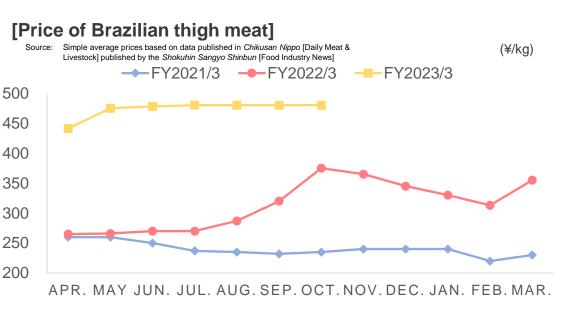














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Forward-looking statements

This presentation includes forecasts regarding targets, strategies and earnings. These forecasts are based on information available at the current time and contain certain assumptions about the future. They are subject to numerous external uncertainties in areas such as economic environment, market trends and exchange rates. Actual performance may differ significantly from the targets in this presentation, and investment decisions should not be based exclusively on them.