# **Business Results**

for the Fourth Quarter of FY2023/3

May 10, 2023 NH Foods Ltd. NH Foods

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## FY2023/3

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- The Company has adopted International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").
- Starting with its consolidated financial forecasts for the fiscal year ended March 2020, the NH Foods Group has switched from the disclosure of operating income to the disclosure of business profit (calculated by deducting the cost of goods sold and selling, general and administrative expenses from net sales, accounting for foreign exchange gains and losses determined by the Group, and adjusting for IFRS compliance and non-recurring items). The purpose of this change was to provide a clearer indication of profit from business operations.
- Due to rounding, numbers may not match totals.
- The marine food business of The Marine Foods Corporation and its affiliated companies, etc., have been classified as discontinued operations since the previous consolidated fiscal year. The beef business of Breeders & Packers Uruguay S.A. has been classified as a discontinued operation since the current consolidated fiscal year. Profit from these discontinued operations is therefore shown separately from that of continuing operations in the Consolidated Statements of Income. Figures for net sales and profit before tax refer only to continuing operations. Because similar adjustments have also been made in the figures for the fiscal year ended March 2022, year on year increases (decreases) are not shown.

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# FY2024/3 **Plan**

#### 8. Plan Highlights

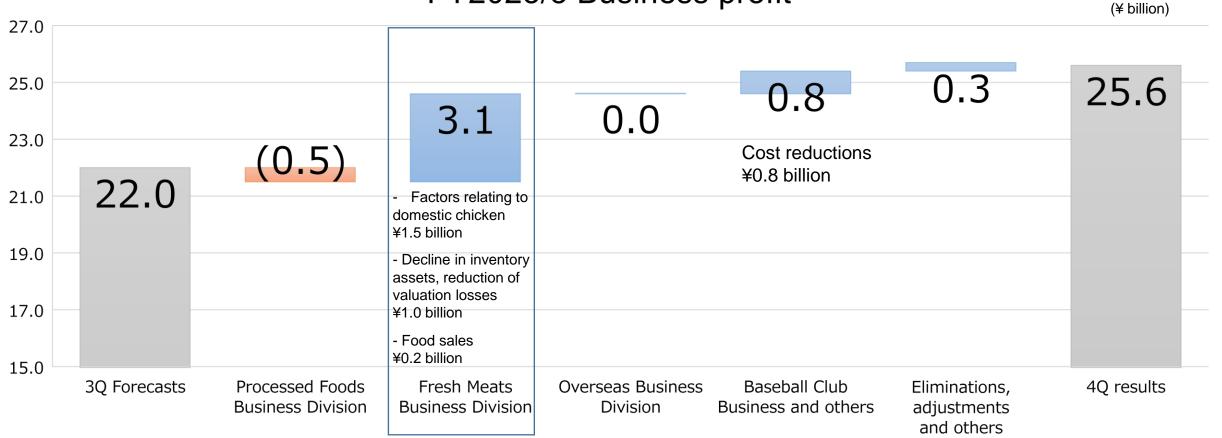
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In the Fresh Meats segment, production of domestic chicken improved more than anticipated as of 3Q, resulting in a ¥3.6 billion increase.



# FY2023/3 Business profit



Net sales: Sales were 9.4% higher thanks to soaring fresh meat prices in Japan and overseas.

**Business profit:** We were unable to offset sharply higher prices for inputs, including raw materials, electric power, and fuel, with the result that profit was 46.8% lower.

				(¥ billion)
	FY2022/3	FY2023/3	Variance	Variance (%)
Net sales	1151.9	1,259.8	107.9	9.4%
Business profit	48.1	25.6	(22.5)	(46.8)%
(Business profit from continuing operations)	46.2	28.2	(18.0)	(39.0)%
Business profit ratio	4.2%	2.0%	(2.2)%	_
Profit before tax	51.8	22.2	(29.6)	(57.2)%
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	48.0	16.7	(31.4)	(65.4)%
ROE	10.5%	3.4%	(7.1)%	-
ROIC	5.0%	2.4%	(2.6)%	_



**Processed Foods Business Division:** Higher raw material prices, higher electric power and fuel costs, and a volume decline in sales of flagship brands resulted in lower profit.

Fresh Meats Business Division: Procurement prices for imported fresh meats continued to rise, while domestic inventories expanded. A lack of progress on price adjustments to offset these factors caused profit to decline.
 Overseas Business Division: Profit from the beef business was lower due to sharply higher cattle prices and production costs.
 Baseball Club Business and others: Profit rose thanks to increased crowd numbers resulting from spectator attraction events and other factors.

				(¥ billion)
	FY2022/3	FY2023/3	Variance	Variance (%)
Processed Foods Business Division	14.7	5.0	(9.7)	(65.8)%
Fresh Meats Business Division	35.6	29.1	(6.5)	(18.2)%
Overseas Business Division	2.4	(5.0)	(7.4)	_
Baseball Club Business and others	(1.6)	(0.5)	1.1	_
Eliminations, adjustments and others	(3.0)	(3.0)	0	_
Consolidated	48.1	25.6	(22.5)	(46.8)%

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(Y hillion)

Despite price revisions to reflect changes in the external environment, a decline in sales volumes for flagship brands resulted in lower sales and profit.

## FY2023/3 results

	FY2022/3	FY2023/3	Variance	(¥ billion) Variance (%)
Net sales	496.7	417.7	(79.0)	(15.9)%
Business profit	14.7	5.0	(9.7)	(65.8)%
(Business profit from continuing operation)	12.4		(7.4)	(59.7)%
Business profit ratio	3.0%	1.2%	(1.8)%	_

\* Net sales figures for the previous fiscal year include the marine foods business, including that of The Marine Foods Corporation and its affiliated companies,



Factor analys	(¥ billion)			
		Yearly estimate as of 3Q	Full year results	Variation from estimate
Hams and sausages, deli and processed foods		(6.1)	(6.6)	(0.5)
External factors	S	(14.4)	(14.3)	0.1
Pr	incipal raw material prices	(5.9)	(6.2)	(0.3)
Ot	ther materials	(5.4)	(5.1)	0.3
Er	nergy costs	(3.1)	(3.0)	0.1
Internal factors		8.2	7.7	(0.5)
Ef	fect of price revisions	7.3	7.0	(0.3)
Im	provement activities	0.9	0.7	(0.2)
Dairy/marine products and extract/primary processing		0.5	0.2	(0.3)
DX costs		(1.2)	(1.0)	0.3
Total		(6.9)	(7.4)	(0.5)

Analysis of reasons for year on year variations (full year)

[Hams and sausages, deli and processed foods] ¥(6.6) billion

## (External factors) ¥ (14.3) billion

Principal raw materials: Beef, pork, chicken  $\$  \$(6.2) billionOther materials: Sheep casings, packaging, etc. \$(5.1) billionEnergy costs: Electric power, LNG \$(3.0) billion

#### (Internal factors) ¥7.7 billion

Effect of price revisions: Volume effect ¥(4.5) billion

Unit price effect ¥11.5 billion

Improvement activities: Reduction of labor costs through the achievement

of appropriate staffing levels for manufacturing

operations

#### [Dairy/marine products and extract/primary processing] ¥0.2 billion

**Yogurt:** Sales of *Vanilla Yogurt* in volume retailers declined, but total sales remained around the previous year's level thanks to increased sales of drink yogurt in convenience stores

**Extract/primary processing:** The extract business recorded strong sales through ramen restaurants and prepared food channels

\* Year on year comparisons are based on continuing operations, excluding the marine food business of The Marine Foods Corporation and its affiliated companies.



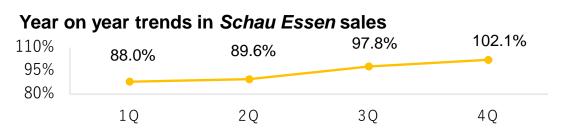
## Yearly sales by channel/consumer product (year on year)

Hams and sausages	Volume	Amount	Deli and processed foods	Volume	Amount
Consumer	96.6%	99.2%	Consumer	88.8%	97.3%
Commercial-use	98.3%	100.7%	Commercial-use	93.3%	102.9%
Total	96.8%	98.9%	Total	92.3%	99.3%

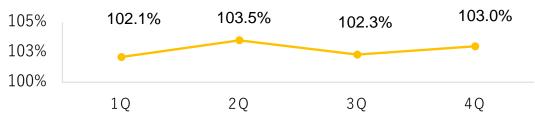
Hams and sausages	Amount	Deli and processed foods	Amount
Wieners	97.9%	Chilled bakery	102.7%
Loin hams	110.3%	Chilled dish	89.4%
Bacons	103.4%	Fried chicken	97.1%
Char-siu pork	107.4%	Hamburg and meatball	104.0%
Consumer	99.2%	Consumer	97.3%

Consumer products: Unit prices for hams and sausages and for deli, and processed foods rose following price revisions for flagship brands. However, sales were lower due to volume declines. *Schau Essen* sales shifted to a recovery trend in response to expanded sales promotion efforts.

Commercial-use products: Sales were higher thanks to a recovery in sales to restaurants.



#### Year on year trends in chilled pizza sales





(¥ hillion)

Revenues increased thanks to higher unit prices for imported fresh meats and strong food sales. However, it was not possible to pass on higher costs through the prices of imported chicken and beef, and profit was lower.

## FY2023/3 results

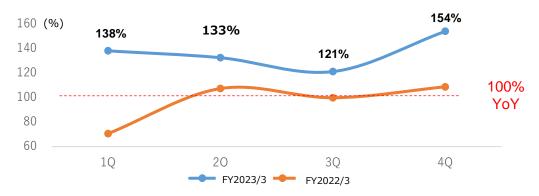
	FY2022/3	FY2023/3	Variance	Variance (%)
Net sales	683.3	750.1	66.8	9.8%
Business profit	35.6	29.1	(6.5)	(18.2)%
Business profit ratio	5.2%	3.9%	(1.3)%	_



## Factor analysis: Changes in business profit (¥ billion)

	Yearly estimate as of 3Q	Full year results	Variation from estimate
Domestic beef/pork business	(1.0)	(1.1)	0
Domestic chicken business	(2.8)	(1.3)	1.5
Imported fresh meats business	(7.2)	(7.2)	0
Food sales	3.1	3.3	0.2
DX costs	(1.4)	(1.3)	0.1
Others	(0.2)	1.0	1.2
Total	(9.6)	(6.5)	3.1

Year on year comparison of profit for 4 Nippon Food Group companies



## Analysis of reasons for year on year variations

[Domestic beef/pork business] ¥(1.1) billion

**Production:** Profit was lower due to the effects of decrease in production and site closures.

**Consignment business:** Profit increased thanks to the recovery of inbound demand for domestic beef.

[Domestic chicken business] ¥(1.3) billion

**Production:** Profit declined under the impact of soaring feed prices and bird flu.

**Consignment business:** A firm trend in market prices and the expansion of external

procurement were reflected in higher profit.

#### [Imported fresh meats business] ¥(7.2) billion

Despite positive conditions in terms of imported inventories and the selling environment, profit was eroded by lower domestic market prices for imported chicken in the third quarter.

#### [Food sales] ¥3.3 billion

A recovery in sales to restaurants brought an improvement in the channel mix. We enhanced proposal capabilities and profitability by developing specialist organizations for each channel, resulting in higher profit.



Four Nippon Food Group companies: Full year sales volumes and values by meat type (year on year)

Domestic	Volume	Amount	Imported	Volume	Amount
Beef	104.3%	105.6%	Beef	99.9%	109.3%
Pork	98.6%	106.0%	Pork	106.5%	112.7%
Chicken	101.0%	110.0%	Chicken	100.9%	131.1%

Major factors for increase in volume

#### [Domestic]

Beef: A recovery in sales to restaurants resulted in growth. Higher prices for imported beef also contributed.

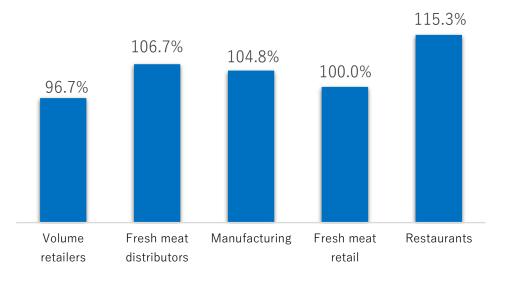
#### [Imported]

Beef: The result was close to the previous year's level thanks to a recovery in restaurant sales in the second half of the year.

Pork: Sales of chilled products fell due to high market prices, but increased sales of frozen products to volume retailers and restaurants provided the impetus for growth.

# Four Nippon Food Group companies: Full year sales volumes by channel

Overall volume growth of 101.1% (109.8% in value terms)



Volume Retailers: Sales declined due to the reduction of special sales following increases in over-the-counter prices, as well as a consumer focus on cost savings. Restaurants: Sales were higher thanks to inbound demand and the easing of COVID-19 restrictions.



Revenue was higher thanks to higher unit selling prices and to the processed foods business in Americas. However, profits declined under the impact of soaring costs affecting the beef and chicken businesses.

FY2023/3 results				(¥ billion)
	FY2022/3	FY2023/3	Variance	Variance (%)
Net sales	267.6	321.4	53.8	20.1%
Business profit	2.4	(5.0)	(7.4)	_
(Business profit from continuing operations)	2.8	(2.4)	(5.3)	_
Business profit ratio	0.9%	-	_	_

\* Net sales figures for the previous and current fiscal year include the beef business, including that of Breeders & Packers Uruguay S.A.,



# Factor analysis: Changes in business profit (¥ billion)

	Yearly estimate as of 3Q	Full year results	Variation from estimate
Australia	(6.9)	(7.1)	(0.2)
Australia	(4.5)	(4.9)	(0.4)
Uruguay	(2.3)	(2.1)	0.2
Americas	0.8	0.5	(0.2)
Asia & Europe	(1.1)	(0.8)	0.4
Others	(0.2)	(0.2)	0
Total	(7.4)	(7.4)	0

## **Business profit**

В	usiness profit				(¥ billion)
		FY2022/3	FY2023/3	Variance	Variance (%)
A	ustralia	2.6	(4.5)	(7.1)	-
	Australia	3.0	(1.9)	(4.9)	-
	Uruguay	(0.5)	(2.6)	(2.1)	-
Aı	mericas	1.2	1.7	0.5	44.5%
A	sia & Europe	(0.4)	(1.2)	(0.8)	_
0	thers	(1.0)	(1.1)	(0.2)	_
Т	otal	2.4	(5.0)	(7.5)	-

## Analysis of reasons for year on year variations

[A]	ustralia] ¥(7.1) billion
<b>∫ (A</b>	ustralia) ¥(4.9) billion
(U	ruguay) ¥(2.1) billion
Са	ttle prices declined in the third quarter, but export prices also fell, resulting
in	ower profit.

### [Americas] ¥0.5 billion

#### (Processed products)

Profit rose thanks to production line expansion and increased sales of processed chicken products.

#### (Meat exports)

Strong exports of South American pork resulted in higher profit.

## [Asia & Europe] ¥(0.8) billion

### (Turkey)

Costs remained high throughout the year, resulting in lower profit.

Dreakdown of not coloo by region



t	Breakdown of net sales by region (¥ billion)					
		FY2022/3	FY2023/3	Variance	Variance (%)	
Australia		105.2	133.7	28.5	27.1%	ŀ
	Australia	79.3	100.2	20.9	26.3%	
	Uruguay	25.9	33.5	7.6	29.4%	
A	mericas	100.5	123.8	23.3	23.2%	ŀ
Asia & Europe		64.8	66.4	1.6	2.5%	ŀ
Т	otal	267.6	321.4	53.8	20.1%	

E	External customer net sales results					
		FY2022/3	FY2023/3	Variance	Variance (%)	
Australia		90.9	119.6	28.8	31.7%	
	Australia	68.3	89.4	21.1	30.9%	
	Uruguay	22.5	30.2	7.7	34.2%	
Aı	mericas	25.6	34.3	8.7	34.0%	
Asia & Europe		26.3	32.5	6.2	23.4%	
Т	otal	142.8	186.4	43.7	30.6%	

\* The net sales total for Overseas Business does not match the figures for individual regions due to the exclusion of inter-segment transactions.

## **Results by region**

[Australia]

Australia

higher unit selling prices

# Uruguay

Revenue growth driven by

# [Americas]

Processed products: Revenue growth thanks to higher sales volumes following production line expansion

Exports: Higher sales thanks to volume growth in exports of South American pork

## [Asia & Europe]

External austamar not

ASEAN: No recovery in sales to Japan, resulting in lower revenue

Turkey: Revenue growth due to higher chicken selling prices resulting from inflation in Turkey

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- Net sales: Similar to the previous year's figure due to continuing sharp rises in domestic and overseas fresh meat prices
- Business profit: Higher profit thanks to an improvement in the sales environment for Australian beef and imported fresh meats

	FY2023/3	FY2024/3	Variance	Variance (%)
Net sales	1,259.8	1,260.0	0.2	0.0%
Business profit	25.6	38.0	12.4	48.5%
(Business profit from continuing operations)	28.2	50.0	9.8	34.8%
Business profit ratio	2.0%	3.0%	1.0%	_
Profit before tax	22.2	34.0	11.8	53.4%
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	16.7	23.0	6.3	37.4%
ROE	3.4%	4.6%	1.2%	_
ROIC	2.4%	3.5%	1.1%	_

# Business profit targets by segment

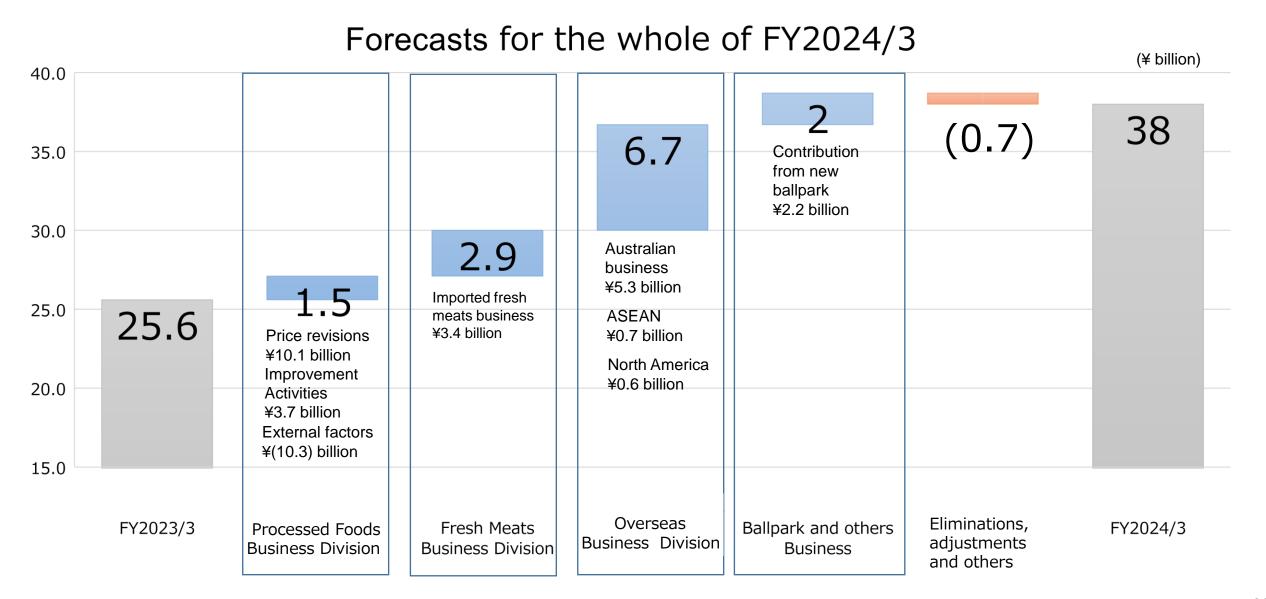
1st half 2nd half Full year Variance Variance Variance FY2023/3 FY2024/3 FY2023/3 FY2024/3 FY2023/3 FY2024/3 Processed Foods 1.3 3.7 4.8 6.5 1.7 0.4 1.1 5.0 1.5 **Business Division** Fresh Meats Business 14.2 14.5 0.3 14.9 17.5 2.6 29.1 32.0 2.9 Division **Overseas Business** (0.9)(0.7)0.2 (4.1)2.4 6.5 (5.0)6.7 1.7 Division Ballpark and others 6.6 (2.4)(2.7)1.9 4.7 (5.1)(0.5)1.5 2.0 Business Eliminations, (1.3)(2.1)(0.8)(1.6) (1.6)0.0 (3.0)(3.7)(0.7)adjustments and others Total 15.2 20.0 18.0 25.6 10.4 7.6 38.0 12.4 4.8





(¥ billion)





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We have established a new marketing organization to strengthen product development and branding from the consumer's perspective. It will work with the Processed Foods Business Division to create new products and achieve a full recovery for flagship brands.

				(¥ billion)
	FY2023/3 results	FY2024/3 forecasts	Variance	Variance (%)
Net sales	417.7	420.0	2.3	0.5%
Business profit	5.0	6.5	1.5	29.5%
Business profit ratio	1.2%	1.5%	0.3%	_
SCHAU ESSIEN		TORICORDINATION		

(¥ billion)

We expect to achieve a full recovery by concentrating resources toward flagship brands and strengthening our branding.

## - <u>Schau Essen</u>

We will carry out full-year promotions and introduce TV commercials, while further enhancing quality.

## - <u>Chuka Meisai</u>

We will update and completely rebrand our products and remodel sales areas at stores.

## - Chilled pizza

We will expand production of mini pizzas, which are a growth category, and restructure the brand strategy.

## - New products

Marketing efforts will focus on *Morning Serve*, which has remained popular since its launch.



### Sales targets by channel and consumer brand (year on year)

Hams and			American	Deli and areas as a face da	
sausages	Amount	Hams and sausages	Amount	Deli and processed foods	
Consumer	103.1%	Schau Essen	115.0%	Chilled bakery	
Commercial-use	101.0%	Other wieners	105.0%	Chuka Meisai	
Total	102.5%	Wieners	112.5%	Hamburg	
Deli and processed	A resource t	Wieners	112.070	Tlamburg	
foods	Amount	Loin hams, bacon	100.0%	Fried chicken	
Consumer	102.8%	Loin nams, bacon	100.070	Flied chicken	
Commercial-use	101.0%	Concernan	400.40/		
Commercial-use		Consumer	103.1%	Consumer	
Total	102.3%				



# Profit targets/Projected increases (decreases)

				(	¥ billion)
			1st half	2nd half	Full year
Hams and sausages, deli and processed foods		1.4	2.0	3.4	
	External	factors	(8.0)	(2.3)	(10.3)
		Principal raw material price	(4.0)	(0.9)	(4.9)
		Other materials	(3.1)	(1.3)	(4.3)
		Energy costs	(0.9)	(0.1)	(1.1)
	Internal f	actors	9.4	4.3	13.8
		Effect of price revisions	7.7	2.4	10.1
		Improvement activities	1.7	1.9	3.7
Dairy/marine pr extract/primary			0	0	0.1
DX costs			(1.0)	(1.0)	(2.0)
Total			0.4	1.1	1.5

## Analysis of reasons for year on year variations in full year business profit

### [Hams and sausages, deli and processed foods] ¥3.4 billion (External factors) ¥(10.3) billion

**Principal raw materials:** Costs will be higher, especially for imported pork. **Other materials:** Packaging costs, etc., will be higher.

Energy costs: Heavy oil prices will increase.

### (Internal factors) ¥13.8 billion

**Price revisions:** External factors will be rolled back through second (October 2022) and third (April 2023) rounds of price revisions.

**Improvement activities:** We will work to reduce production costs.

Increasing sales efforts for flagship brands results in an improvement of product mix.

We will enhance food sales channel strategies and improve supply and demand forecasting for imported fresh meats. Improvements in the productivity of production businesses will drive a profit recovery.

	FY2023/3 results	FY2024/3 forecasts	Variance	Variance (%)
Net sales	750.1	720.0	(30.1)	(0.4)
Business profit	29.1	32.0	2.9	10.8%
Business profit ratio	3.9%	4.4%	0.5%	_

#### (¥ billion)

We will strengthen marketing operations with the aim of achieving volume growth in food sales.

- We will strengthen marketing capabilities by implementing area strategies and creating dedicated organizations for each channel.

- We will expand sales of high-margin branded fresh meats.

- We will create new value through initiatives targeting new products and marketing.
  - Launch of new products suitable for customers affected by labor shortages
  - Marketing of *Kitanokomekokko* brand fresh meats developed through co-creation networks





# Profit targets/Projected increases (decreases)

	(nomid ≠)				
	1st half	2nd half	Full year		
Domestic beef/pork business	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Domestic chicken business	1.5	(1.0)	0.5		
Imported fresh meats business	(0.6)	4.0	3.4		
Food sales	0.6	0.4	1.0		
DX costs	(0.7)	(0.6)	(1.2)		
Others	(0.6)	(0.2)	(0.8)		
Total	0.3	2.6	2.9		

#### Analysis of reasons for year on year variations in full year business profit

[Domestic beef/pork business] ¥0 billion
Production: Profitability will be improved thanks to the comprehensive improvement of
key production indicators. We will continue to work with feed
manufacturers on measures to reduce feed prices.
Consignment: We will secure sales volumes by expanding external procurement.
[Domestic chicken business] ¥0.5 billion
<b>Production:</b> We will expand production volumes by thoroughly applying quarantine
measures. We will improve profitability by increasing the percentage of branded fresh meats, such as <i>Sakurahime</i> chicken.
Consignment: We will secure profits by adjusting selling prices to reflect continuing
cost increases.
[Imported fresh meats business] ¥3.4 billion
Beef/Pork/Chicken: We will accurately identify the supply-demand balance for each meat
type to ensure the sales and inventory. Procurement risks will be
reduced, and we will secure profit by enhancing profitability. Sales of
Australian beef, which has a price advantage, will be expanded. We
will further strengthen our co-creation network with suppliers and
buyers.
[Food sales] ¥1.0 billion
Profitability will be improved thanks to the strengthening of specialized organizations for
each channel and the proposal of value-added products.
Volume retailer channel. We will ecoure profit by responding to declining domand

Volume retailer channel: We will secure profit by responding to declining demand

through in-depth management of earnings and costs.

Restaurant channel: We will expand profit by strengthening collaboration with the

consignment business in response to a demand recovery. New profit will be generated through the introduction of new products suitable for an environment affected by labor shortages.



We will expand sales volumes for processed foods from the North American business. We anticipate a profit recovery for the Australian business thanks to a recovery in the number of cattle processed and an improvement in the global sales environment.

(¥ billion)

	FY2023/3	FY2024/3	Variance	Variance (%)
Net sales	321.4	295.0	(26.4)	(8.2)%
Business profit	(5.0)	1.7	6.7	_
Business profit ratio	_	0.6%	_	_

# Expansion of the North American processed foods business

- Manufacturing and supply structures will be built up to support the expansion of sales volumes.

- We will expand sales of processed foods by strengthening external procurement from Mexico and Asia and supplying products in collaboration with the Processed Foods Business Division.

## Australian beef business

The efficiency of plant operations will be enhanced through the expansion of our manufacturing structures in step with the recovery of the number of cattle processed.
We will step up initiatives toward the expansion of sales channels in the North American market.



Profit targets/Projected increases (decreases) (¥ billion)

				( /
		1st half	2nd half	Full year
Australia		0.1	5.2	5.3
	Australia	0.1	4.0	4.0
	Uruguay	0.1	1.2	1.3
Americas		0.2	0.3	0.5
Asia	a & Europe	0.0	1.1	1.1
Oth	ers	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)
Tota	al	0.2	6.5	6.7

### **Business profit forecasts**

Business pront forecasts			(¥ billion)
	1st half	2nd half	Full year
Australia	(0.4)	1.2	0.8
Australia	1.0	1.2	2.2
Uruguay	(1.4)	0.0	(1.4)
Americas	0.6	1.6	2.2
Asia & Europe	(0.3)	0.2	(0.1)
Others	(0.6)	(0.6)	(1.2)
Total	(0.7)	2.4	1.7

\* Breeders & Packers Uruguay S.A. plans to transfer shares at the end of October

Analysis of reasons for year on year variations in full year business profit

## [Australia] ¥5.3 billion (Australia) ¥4.0 billion

Performance will recover beyond the previous year's level thanks to growth in the number of cattle processed, combined with the impetus from reduced production in the United States.

## [Americas] ¥0.5 billion

Profit from processed foods will be secured through the expansion of production volumes.

### [Asia & Europe] ¥1.1 billion

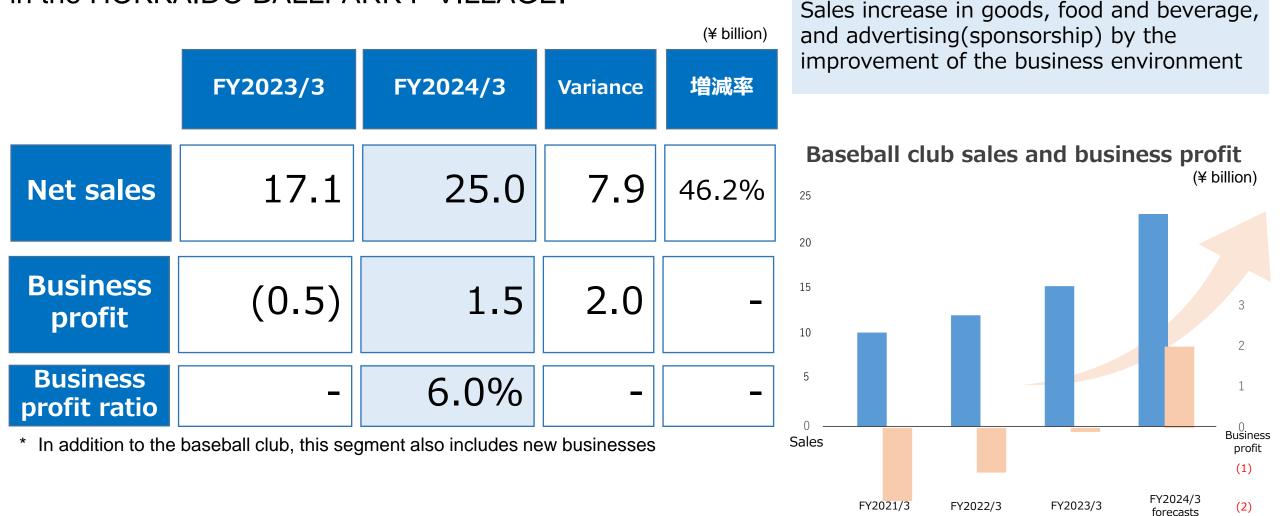
### (Turkey)

Higher unit selling prices will drive a profit recovery.

### (Thailand)

We will improve productivity and expand the volume of sales to Japan.

We will generate profit under a new business model designed to attract customers to all facilities in the HOKKAIDO BALLPARK F VILLAGE.





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(¥ million, %)

FY2023/3 results								FY2024/3 f	orecasts			
	1st half	YoY	2nd half	YoY	Full year	Full year	1st hal	YoY	2nd half	YoY	Full year	YoY
1) Net sales	618,688	-	641,104	-	1,259,792	9.4	620,	0.2	640,000	(0.2)	1,260,000	0.0
2) Cost of goods sold	526,185	-	556,575	-	1,082,760	13.6	517,	000 (1.7)	539,000	(3.2)	1,056,000	△ 2.5
Gross profit	92,503	-	84,529	-	177,032	(11.0)	103,	000 11.3	101,000	19.5	204,000	15.2
Gross profit ratio	15.0%	-	13.2%	-	14.1%	-	16	6%	• 15.8%	-	16.2%	-
3) Selling, General and Administrative ex	80,642	-	85,438	-	166,080	6.1	81,	0.4	87,000	1.8	168,000	1.2
Other income and expenses	9,035	-	(2,128)	-	6,907	-	(5	00)	. (2,500)	-	(3000)	-
Finance income and costs	58	-	1,472	-	1,530	-		-	· · ·	-	-	-
Share of profit (loss) in investments accounted for using the equity method	2,646	-	127	-	2,773	(69.3)		500 (81.1)	500	293.7	1,000	$\triangle$ 63.9
Profit before tax	23,600	-	(1,438)	-	22,162	(57.2)	22,	(6.8) 000	12,000	-	34,000	53.4
Income tax expense	6,070	-	(1,300)	-	4,770	(63.2)	6,	500 7.1	4,000	-	10,500	120.1
Tax rate	25.7%	-	-	-	21.5%	-	29	5%	33.3%	-	30.9%	-
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	15,480	-	1,157	-	16,637	(65.4)	13,	000 (16.0)	10,000	764.3	23,000	38.2
4) Operaing income (1)-(2)-(3)	11,861	-	(909)	-	10,952	(74.1)	22,	000 85.5	14,000	-	36,000	228.7
5) Foreign exchange gains (losses)	(5,973)	-	(4,106)	-	(10,079)	-				-	-	-
6) Adjustments in accordance with IFRS and others	1,367	-	(8,359)	-	(6,992)	-		-		-	-	-
7) Adjustment for discontinued operations	1,263	-	1,164	-	2,427	-		-		-	-	-
Business profit (4)-(5)-(6)-(7)	15,204	-	10,392	-	25,596	(46.8)	20,	000 31.5	18,000	73.2	38,000	48.5

\* Business profit for the previous fiscal year includes results for the beef business of Breeders & Packers Uruguay S.A.

Similar adjustments have also been made in the figures for the fiscal year ended March 2022, year on year increases (decreases) are not shown.



(¥ million, %)

	FY2023/3 results FY2024/3 forecasts											
	1st half	2nd half	Full year	1st half	Variance (%)	Volume growth	2nd half	Variance (%)	Volume growth	Full year	Variance (%)	Volume growth
Hams and sausages	62,683	67,478	130,161	64,000	2.1	(1.8)	68,000	0.8	(0.9)	132,000	1.4	(1.4)
Processed foods	116,383	118,783	235,166	119,000	2.2	(0.7)	118,000	(0.7)	(0.1)	237,000	0.8	(0.4)
Fresh meats	384,509	407,463	791,972	381,000	(0.9)	(0.2)	406,000	(0.4)	(0.4)	787,000	(0.6)	(0.3)
Beef	153,883	158,489	312,372	151,000	(1.9)	1.0	156,000	(1.6)	(0.3)	307,000	(1.7)	0.3
Pork	121,533	129,468	251,001	119,000	(2.1)	(1.6)	127,000	(1.9)	(1.7)	246,000	(2.0)	(1.7)
Chicken	99,320	110,250	209,570	102,000	2.7	0.2	114,000	3.4	0.5	216,000	3.1	(0.3)
Other fresh meats	9,773	9,256	19,029	9,000	(7.9)	2.4	9,000	(2.8)	(1.0)	18,000	(5.4)	1.0
Dairy products	18,126	18,068	36,194	18,500	2.1	(3.0)	18,500	2.4	5.8	37,000	2.2	1.2
Others (including marine products)	36,987	29,312	66,299	37,500	1.4	-	29,500	0.6	-	67,000	1.1	-
Total	618,688	641,104	1,259,792	620,000	0.2	-	640,000	(0.2)	-	1,260,000	0.0	-

\* Because category sales are calculated as segment totals, the figures do not match segment sales.

\* Excluding results from discontinued operations (BPU)

# 3. Balance Sheets / Capital Expenditures / Depreciation and Amortization / Statements of Cash Flows



Consolidated balance sheets (¥ million, %)					Capital exp	enditures, o	nditures, depreciation and amortization			
	FY2023/3		FY2024/3			FY2022/3		FY2023/3		FY2024/3
						Year-end	Year-end	Variance (%)	Variance	Full year forecasts
	Year-end	Year-end	Variance (%)	Variance	Capital expenditures	80,395	67,519	(16.0)	(12,876)	70,100
Total assets	909,213	937,155	3.1	27,942	Processed Foods Business Division	11,038	10,730	(2.8)	(308)	12,100
Total liabilities	419,659	434,374	3.5	14,715	Fresh Meats	17,083	19,273	12.8	2,190	29,200
Total equity attributable to	,	,		1	Division	3,321	4,000	20.5	679	10,400
ow ners of parent	479,069	492,913	2.9	13,844	Baseball Club	21,790	20,558	(5.7)	(1,232)	200
Non-controlling interests	10 405	0.000	(5.0)	(617)	Others	27,163	12,958	(52.3)	(14,205)	18,200
Non-controlling interests	10,485	9,868	(5.9)	(617)	Depreciation and	36,379	38,379	5.5	2,000	40,700
Total equity	489,554	502,781	2.7	13,227	amortization	50,579	30,379	0.0	2,000	40,700

### Consolidated statements of cash flows

				(1 11111011)
	FY2022/3	FY20	FY2024/3	
	Year-end	Year-end	Variance	Full year forecasts
Cash flows from operating activities	33,387	11,331	(22,056)	74,800
Cash flows from investing activities	(22,837)	(63,677)	(40,840)	(53,000)
Cash flows from financing activities	(12,162)	28,417	40,579	(32,400)

## (¥ million) Th

(1) Total equity These include a ¥22.0 billion increase in inventory assets, and a ¥19.4 billion increase in tangible fixed assets.

#### (2) Cash flows from operating activities

Major reasons for increase/decrease

Cash flows from operating activities included a ¥24.5 billion increase in inventory assets, and a ¥13.6 billion increase in corporate income tax payments. However, there was an ¥11.3 billion increase net because of factors that included profit before tax of ¥22.2 billion, and depreciation and amortization expenses amounting to ¥38.4 billion. (3) Cash flows from investing activities

With regard to investing activities, acquisition of fixed assets amounted to ¥82.3 billion, while the decrease in short-term loans receivable amounted to ¥10.0 billion. As a result, net cash used in investing activities amounted to ¥63.7 billion.

#### (4) Cash flows from financing activities

With regard to financing activities, the increase in short-term bank loans amounted to  $\pm$ 36.5 billion, and proceeds from debt amounted to  $\pm$ 110.4 billion, while cash dividends amounted to  $\pm$ 10.4 billion and repayments of debt amounted to  $\pm$ 108.6 billion. As a result, net cash provided by financing activities amounted to  $\pm$ 28.4 billion.

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# FY2024/3 Plan

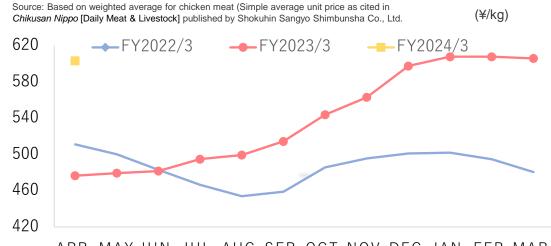
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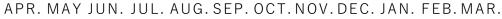
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#### [Domestic chicken market price]

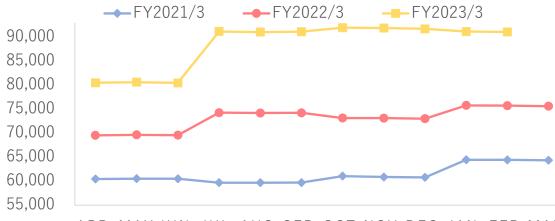




(¥/tons)

#### [Compound feed price]

Source: Agriculture & Livestock Industries Corporation

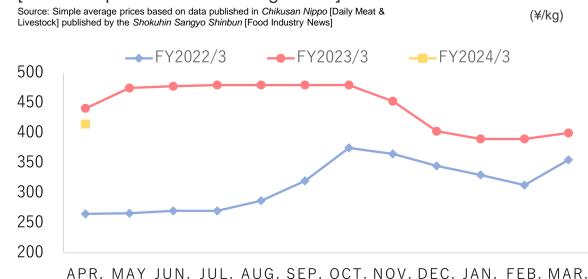


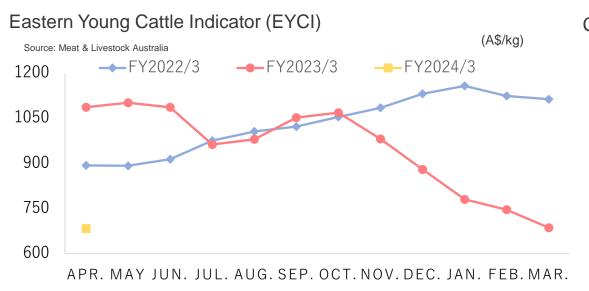
APR. MAY JUN. JUL. AUG. SEP. OCT. NOV. DEC. JAN. FEB. MAR.



APR. MAY JUN. JUL. AUG. SEP. OCT. NOV. DEC. JAN. FEB. MAR.

#### [Domestic price of Brazilian thigh meat]





### Cut-out value of the American pork (carcass basis) based on local prices (US\$/100 pounds) Source: Agriculture & Livestock Industries Corporation ← FY2021/3 ← FY2022/3 ← FY2023/3 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 APR. MAY JUN. JUL. AUG. SEP. OCT. NOV. DEC. JAN. FEB. MAR.



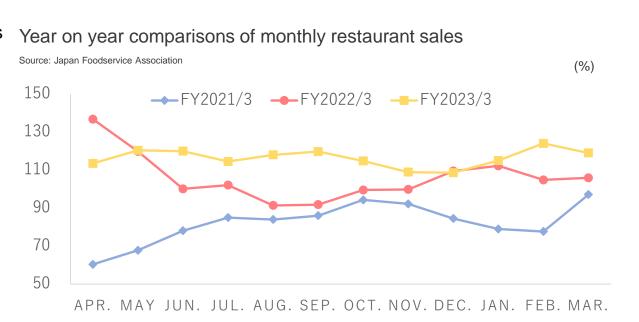
350

300

250

200

## Cut-out value of American beef (wholesale benchmark price) based on local prices



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#### **Forward-looking statements**

This presentation includes forecasts regarding targets, strategies and earnings. These forecasts are based on information available at the current time and contain certain assumptions about the future. They are subject to numerous external uncertainties in areas such as economic environment, market trends and exchange rates. Actual performance may differ significantly from the targets in this presentation, and investment decisions should not be based exclusively on them.