FY2025 362



for the Third Quarter of FY2025/3

NH Foods Ltd. January 31, 2025





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- * The Company has adopted International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS Accounting Standards").
- * "Business profit" is calculated by deducting cost of goods sold and selling, general and administrative expenses from net sales, and accounting for foreign exchange gains and losses determined by the Group, while deducting adjustments in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards and non-recurring items.
- * Due to rounding, numbers may not match totals.
- * The beef business related to Breeders & Packers Uruguay S.A. (BPU) in the previous fiscal year is classified as discontinued operations.

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04 Summary of FY2025/3 3Q Financial Results (1)



FY2025/3 1Q-3Q Results

Growth of the Processed Foods Business and the Ballpark Business exceeded expectations. In the Processed Foods Business, structural reforms are yielding positive results and in the Ballpark Business bolstered by strong visitor numbers. However, profits declined due to the worsening supply-demand balance of soaring imported fresh meat, increased raw material procurement costs for processed products in North America, and irregular weather conditions in Australia.

Net sales

Business profit

Profit attributable to owners of parent

¥1,055.0 billion

(+5.7% year-on-year)

(Fresh meats business) Increases in unit prices and sales

volume of fresh meats

(Overseas business) Increases in sales of Australian

beef and processed foods in

North America

(Ballpark business) Steady visitor numbers

¥40.0 billion (-3.7% year-on-year)

(Fresh meats business) A supply-demand balance of imported fresh meats

Overseas business) Increasing procurement costs for processed foods in North America

Rising cattle prices due to bad weather in Australia

¥29.2 billion (-1.2% year-on-year)

Decreases in foreign exchange gains and the share of profit (loss) in investments accounted for using the equity method

FY2025/3 Full-year Outlook

We have revised upward our forecast for the Processed Foods Business due to the positive effects of structural reforms in processing. However, we have revised downward our forecasts for the Fresh Meats Business and the Overseas Business given higher-than-anticipated rises in feed prices and in cattle prices in Australia.

Net sales

Business profit

Profit attributable to owners of the parent

¥1,370.0 billion

(+5.1% year-on-year)

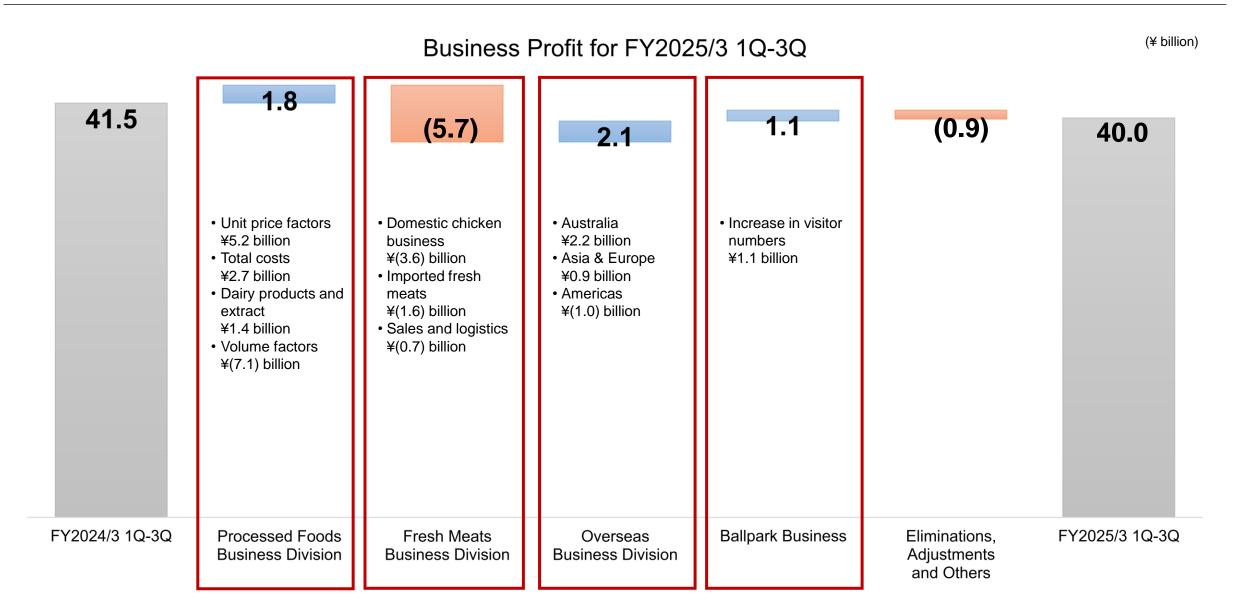
¥45.0 billion (+0.1% year-on-year)

¥26.0 billion (-7.4% year-on-year)

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05 Summary of FY2025/3 3Q Financial Results (2)







	FY2025/3 1st half	FY2025/3 3Q	FY2025/3 1Q-3Q	Variance	Variance (%)
Net sales	683.9	371.2	1,055.0	57.1	5.7%
Business profit	27.4	12.0	40.0	(1.6)	(3.7%)
(of which Continuing operations)	27.1	12.9	40.0	(2.5)	(5.9%)
Business profit ratio	4.0%	3.5%	3.8%	(0.5%)	-
Profit before tax	28.9	14.4	43.3	(0.4)	(0.9%)
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	17.9	11.3	29.2	(0.4)	(1.2%)

07 Financial Highlights (2) Net Sales and Business Profit by Segment



(¥ billion)

Net sales

Business profit

	FY2025/3 1st half	FY2025/3 3Q	FY2025/3 1Q-3Q	Variance	Variance (%)		FY2025/3 1st half	FY2025/3 3Q	FY2025/3 1Q-3Q	Variance	Variance (%)
Processed Foods Business Division	208.6	115.9	324.5	(5.4)	(1.6%)	Processed Foods Business Division	4.7	6.0	10.7	1.8	19.7%
Fresh Meats Business Division	409.3	223.7	632.9	37.3	6.3%	Fresh Meats Business Division	13.9	8.8	22.7	(5.7)	(20.0%)
Overseas Business Division	161.6	82.8	244.4	24.7	11.2%	Overseas Business Division	4.2	0.1	4.3	2.1	98.6%
Ballpark Business	19.6	4.3	23.9	2.5	11.4%	Ballpark Business	7.0	(1.2)	5.8	1.1	24.4%
Eliminations, Adjustments and Others	(115.2)	(55.4)	(170.6)	(12.6)	-	Eliminations, Adjustments and Others	(2.7)	(0.7)	(3.5)	(0.9)	-
Discontinued operations	-	-	-	10.6	-						
Consolidated	683.9	371.2	1,055.0	57.1	5.7%	Consolidated	27.1	12.9	40.0	(1.6)	(3.7%)

08 Segment Data: Processed Foods Business Division (1)



(¥ billion)

	FY2025/3 1st half	FY2025/3 3Q	FY2025/3 1Q-3Q	Variance	Variance (%)
Net sales	208.6	115.9	324.5	(5.4)	(1.6%)
Business profit	4.7	6.0	10.7	1.8	19.7%
Business profit ratio	2.3%	5.1%	3.3%	0.6%	-

Decrease in net sales

- Sales, primarily of low-profit products, declined due to strategic product consolidation.
- Sales of Schau Essen, chilled bakery, extracts, primary processed products, and dairy products remained strong.

Increase in business profit

- The product mix improved due to increased sales from *Schau Essen* and the price revisions and reductions of low-profit products, including private brand products.
- We reduced production lines, which lead to a more optimized production system.
 Fixed costs improved, resulting in an increase in profitability.
- Profit increased due to increased sales of extracts, primary processed products, and dairy products.

Sales performance by consumer product/channel for 1Q-3Q of FY2025/3 (YoY)

	Ham and sausages	Volume	Amount
W	ieners (-	100.7%
	Schau Essen category	-	106.6%
	Other wieners	-	89.3%
	oin hams, acon	-	72.0%
Consumer		89.0%	95.7%
C	ommercial-use	95.2%	100.5%
To	otal	90.1%	95.9%

Deli products	Volume	Amount
Chilled bakery	-	100.3%
Chuka Meisai	-	88.1%
Hamburg and meatball	-	90.0%
Fried chicken	-	92.8%
Consumer	89.5%	92.4%
Commercial-use	88.0%	90.1%
Total	89.2%	91.7%

Year on year trends in Schau Essen category sales

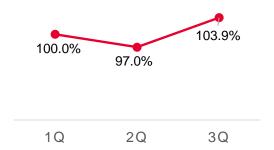


20

3Q

1Q

Year on year trends in chilled bakery sales



09 Segment Data: Processed Foods Business Division (2)



Factor analysis: year on year changes in business profit

		1st half Change	3Q Change	1Q-3Q Change	Main reasons for year on year changes
Hams and sa	ausages, deli products	0.8	0.0	0.8	
Total gro	oss profit	(1.0)	(0.9)	(1.9)	
Vo	olume factors	(3.8)	(3.3)	(7.1)	The review of low-profit products, which led to product consolidation, and a decline in the sales volume of deli products
Un	nit price factors	2.8	2.4	5.2	
	Product mix	2.4	2.9	5.3	Continued improvement in unit prices due to the growth of Schau Essen category products and price revisions
	External environment total	0.4	(0.5)	(0.1)	
	Principal raw materials	(0.6)	(0.9)	(1.5)	Sharply increased pork prices
	Other materials	1.0	0.5	1.5	Improved sheep intestine prices
Other co	osts	1.8	0.8	2.7	
	Electric power	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.3)	Increased electricity and fuel expenses
	Other expenses (manufacturing expenses, SG&A expenses, etc.)	1.9	1.0	2.9	Reduced manufacturing expenses, including labor cost, due to optimized production systems
Dairy/marine Processing	e products & extract/primary	1.0	0.4	1.4	Increased due to the growth of sales of extracts, primary processed products, dairy products after price revisions
Other (adjust	tments, etc.)	0.0	(0.4)	(0.4)	
Total		1.8	(0.1)	1.8	

10 Segment Data: Fresh Meats Business Division (1)



(¥ billion)

	FY2025/3 1st half	FY2025/3 3Q	FY2025/3 1Q-3Q	Variance	Variance (%)
Net sales	409.3	223.7	632.9	37.3	6.3%
Business profit	13.9	8.8	22.7	(5.7)	(20.0%)
Business profit ratio	3.4%	3.9%	3.6%	(1.2%)	-

Increase in net sales

- Sales to volume retailers increased due to higher volumes and unit sales prices for domestic pork and beef.
- The sales volumes and unit sales prices of domestic fresh meats for restaurants increased. The unit sales prices of imported pork for restaurants also rose.

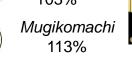
Decrease in business profit

 Profit declined due to persistent high feed costs and a growing imbalance between the supply and demand for imported fresh meats in 3Q.

Sales volume of mainstay brands Sales of processed products (YoY) in 1Q-3Q (YoY)



Sakurahime 103%





ugi-gyu Process Ingus

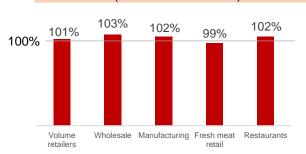
Processed foods total 106%

Nippon Food Sales Group: 1Q-3Q results in terms of sales volume and revenue by meat type (YoY)

Domestic	Volume	Amount
Beef	104%	107%
Pork	104%	111%
Chicken	105%	101%
Domestic total	104%	106%

Ninnan Food Color	C
Nippon Food Sales	s Group:
40.00	1
1Q-3Q results by c	nannei

Overall volume growth of 101.3% (104.8% in value terms)

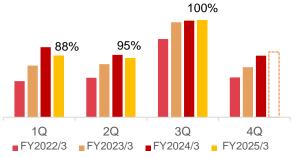


Imported	Volume	Amount
Beef	98%	105%
Pork	93%	102%
Chicken	105%	102%
Imported total	98%	104%

Nippon Food Sales Group: Quarterly profit * Change in

* Change in profit on a four-year managed basis

In 3Q, profit remained at a record high level despite delayed price pass-through amid soaring market prices.



^{*} Nippon Food Group sales refers to fresh meat sales companies.

Higashi Nippon Food, Kanto Nippon Food, Naka Nippon Food, Nishi Nippon Food, NH Japan Food

11 Segment Data: Fresh Meats Business Division (2)



Factor analysis: year on year changes in business profit

	1st half Change	3Q Change	1Q-3Q Change	Main reasons for year on year changes
Domestic beef/pork business	0.0	0.1	1.0	Profit was roughly the same as a year ago, as a decline in feed prices for pork production and an increase in carcass weights were offset by high market prices at the time of delivery acceptance, a decrease in the number of livestock processed at processing plants, and rising costs.
Domestic chicken business	(3.5)	0.0	(3.6)	Profit decreased because chicken market prices were low, and feed prices remained high in the first half, although prices and costs showed some improvement.
Imported fresh meats business	0.8	(2.4)	(1.6)	Profit declined as the supply-demand balance worsened chiefly due to rising procurement costs for imported beef and chicken.
Sales (Nippon Food Group companies) and logistics section	(0.5)	(0.2)	(0.7)	In 3Q, profit was about the same as a year ago, driven by solid sales volume and value and price pass-through. However, profit for the first half declined due to delays in price pass-through for imported fresh meats and rising logistics and other costs in the first half of the fiscal year.
Other (adjustments, etc.)	0.2	0.0	0.1	
Total	(3.2)	(2.5)	(5.7)	

12 Segment Data: Overseas Business Division



	lior	

	FY2025/3 1st half	FY2025/3 3Q	FY2025/3 1Q-3Q	Variance	Variance (%)
Net sales	161.6	82.8	244.4	24.7	11.2%
Business profit	4.2	0.1	4.3	2.1	98.6%
Business profit ratio	2.6%	0.1%	1.8%	0.8%	-

Increase in net sales

- Australia Sales were firm due to an increase in production volume.
- North America Sales of processed chicken products remained solid.

Increase in business profit

Australia: Profit rose due to the increase in the sales volume.
 The expansion of the feedlot led to an increase in the percentage of brand beef.

Factor analysis: year on year changes in business profit

(¥ billion)

(¥ billion)

region

ariance

2.2

(1.0)

0.9

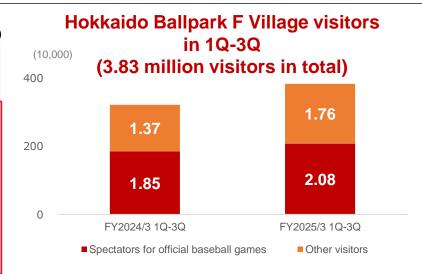
0.0

	1st half Change	3Q Change	1Q-3Q Change	Main reasons for year on year changes	Business profit by	
	TSCHAII CHANGE	3 Change	ra-sa change	Main reasons for year on year changes	1Q-3Q	Var
Australia	2.8	(0.5)	2.2	Profit was secured due to an increase in the number of cattle shipped and strong sales, but was affected by irregular weather conditions.	2.2	
Americas	0.3	(1.4)	(1.0)	Costs for procuring raw materials for processed foods in North America rose. Additionally, we struggled in foodservice sales due to inflation have had an impact.	0.8	
Asia & Europe	0.8	0.0	0.9	Sales of chicken remained firm in Turkey in the first half.	1.9	
Other (adjustments, etc.)	0.1	0.0	0.0		(0.7)	
Total	4.0	(1.9)	2.1		4.3	

13 Segment Data: Ballpark Business



					(¥ billion)
	FY2025/3 1st half	FY2025/3 3Q	FY2025/3 1Q-3Q	Variance	Variance (%)
Net sales	19.6	4.3	23.9	2.5	11.4%
Business profit	7.0	(1.2)	5.8	1.1	24.4%
Business profit ratio	35.9%	-	24.4%	2.5%	-



^{*} Spectators at All-Star Games and Climax Series are included in other visitors.

Net sales/business profit

- The number of spectators exceeded 2 million for the first time in seven years due to the Fighters' strong performance.
- The team progressed to the Climax Series, which contributed to solid ticket sales.
- We planned and hosted new events on non-game days while expanding the restaurant areas. This resulted in an increase in visitors on both game and non-game days, which boosted the sales of food and beverages.

Major events that led to the increase in the number of visitors

The Fighters became strong and finished second in the regular season and hosted games in the Climax Series.



A total of approximately 110,000 people visited the ballpark in three days.

Thinking out of the box (First official B League games)

* B League: Japan Professional Basketball League



A total of approximately 30,000 people visited the ballpark on December 28 and 29.

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Net sales/business profit

	Full Year FY2024/3	Forecasts as of 2Q	Forecasts as of 3Q	Variance	Variance (%)
Net sales	1,303.4	1,340.0	1,370.0	66.6	5.1%
Business profit	44.9			0.1	0.1%
(of which Continuing operations)	45.9	48.0	45.0	(0.9)	(2.0%)
Business profit ratio	3.5%	3.6%	3.3%	(0.2%)	-
Profit before tax	40.6	40.0	38.0	(2.6)	(6.4%)
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	28.1	27.0	26.0	(2.1)	(7.4%)
ROE	5.5%	5.2%	5.0%	(0.5%)	-
ROIC	4.1%	4.4%	4.1%	0.0%	-

^{*} The ratio of business profit to net sales is calculated using business profit after adjusting for non-continuing operations

16 Plan Highlights (2) Full-year Plan for FY2025/3

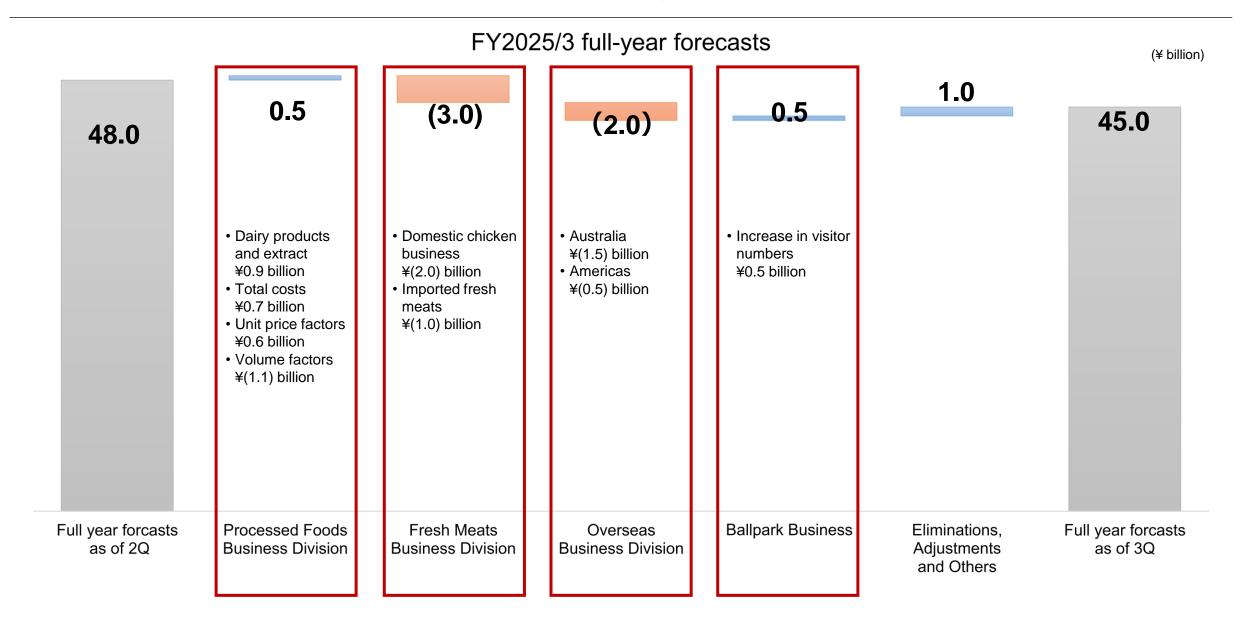


Business profit targets by segment

	FY2024/3		FY2025/3		FY2024/3		FY2025/3		FY2024/3		FY2025/3	
	1st half		3Q 4Q			2nd half				Full year		
	Results	Results	Results	Forecasts	Results	Forecasts as of 2Q	Forecasts as of 3Q	Variance	Results	Forecasts as of 2Q	Forecasts as of 3Q	Variance
Processed Foods Business Division	2.9	4.7	6.0	0.3	6.8	5.8	6.3	0.5	9.7	10.5	11.0	0.5
Fresh Meats Business Division	17.0	13.9	8.8	7.3	17.0	19.1	16.1	(3.0)	34.0	33.0	30.0	(3.0)
Overseas Business Division	0.2	4.2	0.1	0.7	2.3	2.8	0.8	(2.0)	2.5	7.0	5.0	(2.0)
Ballpark Business	6.5	7.0	(1.2)	(2.3)	(4.1)	(4.0)	(3.5)	0.5	2.4	3.0	3.5	0.5
Eliminations, Adjustments and Others	(1.6)	(2.7)	(0.7)	(1.0)	(2.0)	(2.8)	(1.8)	1.0	(3.6)	(5.5)	(4.5)	1.0
Total	25.0	27.1	12.9	5.0	20.0	20.9	17.9	(3.0)	44.9	48.0	45.0	(3.0)

Plan Highlights (3) Full-year Business Profit Plan and Analysis of MainFactors for the Variance from the Plan as of 2Q





18 Outlook: Processed Foods Business Division (1)



(¥ billion)

	FY2024/3 full-year results	Forecasts as of 2Q	Forecasts as of 3Q	Variance	Variance (%)
Net sales	431.2	419.0	419.0	(12.2)	(2.8%)
Business profit	9.7	10.5	11.0	1.3	13.4%
Business profit ratio	2.3%	2.5%	2.6%	0.3%	-

Decrease in net sales

- Maintain sales by expanding mainstay brands, including Schau Essen and chilled bakery, while the product lineup review is expected to continue.
- Sales volume for deli products, especially sub-brand consumer products and products for convenient stores, saw a slow recovery.

Increase in business profit

- Enhance profitability by improving the product mix and increasing unit prices, driven by increased sales volumes for *Schau Essen*. Reduce manufacturing expenses by reviewing low-profit products.
- Increase sales of extracts, primary processed products, and dairy products, whose prices have been adjusted, and secure profit.

Full-year sales plan by consumer product/channel (YoY)

На	m and sausages	Amount
Wi	eners	101%
	Schau Essen category	108%
	Other wieners	88%
Lo	in hams, bacon	72%
Co	nsumer	96%
Co	mmercial-use	98%
Tot	tal	96%

Deli products	Amount
Chilled bakery	102%
Chuka Meisai	91%
Hamburg and meatball	90%
Fried chicken	94%
Consumer	93%
Commercial-use	90%
Total	93%

We will step up our marketing to expand or restore performance in key categories in the next fiscal year.

Schau Essen

- Enhance the brand strategy as we celebrate the 40th anniversary of the brandand acquire new users.
- Extend the brand by launching new products and refreshing products.

Chilled bakery

- Improve sales of mini pizzas and snack foods, which are performing well due to the increasing diversity of dining occasions.
- Launch new products for individual meals and revitalize the sales floors.

Chuka Meisai

- Review the concept and refresh the products to achieve a recovery in sales.
- Launch high value-added products to attain new customers.

Hamburg/ Fried chicken

- Implement product strategies aimed at customers purchasing hamburg steak products to achieve a recovery in sales.
- Extend the brand Chikichiki Bone by launching new products.

19 Outlook: Processed Foods Business Division (2)



Factor analysis: Variance from full-year business profit plan

		2nd half			Full year		(† DIIIIC	
		Forecasts as of 2Q	Forecasts as of 3Q	Variance	Forecasts as of 2Q	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Variance	Main factors behind variance from forecast
Hams and sar products	usages, deli	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.8	1.0	0.2	
Total gros	s profit	(0.5)	(0.9)	(0.5)	(1.4)	(1.9)	(0.5)	
Volume	e factors	(3.8)	(4.8)	(1.1)	(7.5)	(8.6)	(1.1)	The review of low-profit products and the decline in the sales volume of deli products
Unit pr	rice factors	3.3	3.9	0.6	6.1	6.7	0.6	
Р	roduct mix	5.6	4.9	(0.7)	8.0	7.3	(0.7)	Impacted by slow recovery in sales of main brands of deli products
	xternal nvironment total	(2.3)	(1.0)	1.3	(1.9)	(0.6)	1.3	
	Principal raw materials	(2.4)	(1.7)	0.8	(2.9)	(2.3)	0.7	Procurement prices for raw materials are expected to fall short of 2Q expectations, and improvements in the mix ratio are expected to change the composition ratio of the raw materials used.
	Other materials	0.2	0.7	0.5	1.1	1.6	0.5	Improvements are expected mainly in sheep intestines and packagin materials as they fall short of expectations
Other cost	ts	0.4	1.2	0.7	2.2	3.0	0.7	
Ele	ctric power	(0.5)	(0.2)	0.2	(0.6)	(0.3)	0.2	Manufacturing expenses, including labor costs, are expected to
Oth	ners	0.9	1.4	0.5	2.8	3.3	0.5	continue decreasing due to manufacturing optimization efforts, including revisions to pricing and product policies.
airy/marine xtract/primar	products & ry Processing	(1.1)	(0.1)	0.9	(0.1)	0.8	0.9	Profits are expected to be affected by rising raw material costs in the second half. However, we plan to maintain sales of extracts, primary processed products, and dairy products in order to achieve profits that are roughly on a par with the results of the previous fiscal year.
ther (adjustr	ments, etc.)	0.0	(0.6)	(0.7)	0.1	(0.6)	(0.7)	
otal		(1.0)	(0.5)	0.5	0.8	1.3	0.5	



(¥ billion)

	FY2024/3 full-year results	Forecasts as of 2Q	Forecasts as of 3Q	Variance	Variance (%)
Net sales	780.6	800.0	830.0	49.4	6.3%
Business profit	34.0	33.0	30.0	(4.0)	(11.8%)
Business profit ratio	4.4%	4.1%	3.6%	(0.8%)	-

Increase in net sales

 Due to the soaring prices of imported meat, the shift towards domestic meat continues, with the quantity and unit sales price of domestic meat for supermarkets and restaurants increasing.

Decrease in business profit

 Profitability is expected to improve due to price pass-through. However, profit may decrease given high costs for domestic chicken throughout the fiscal year, low market prices in the first half, as well as a worsening supply-demand balance for imported fresh meats.

Enhance marketing strategy from the customer's perspective

 Propose livestock products tailored to customer needs for each channel amid rising prices.

Strengthen sales of processed items through cross-segment sales

- Strengthening product development through market-oriented initiatives centered around food companies, focusing on yakiniku restaurants.
- Selling commercial products that were well-received at exhibitions.

Strengthen sales of branded fresh meats

- Create a fan website and develop seasonal campaigns from the perspective of customers for Sakurahime.
- Enhance sales promotions and campaigns for Mugikomachi and Omugi-gyu Angus.

Full year target sales volumes for mainstay brands (vs. previous year)





Mugikomachi 109%



Omugi-gyu Angus 130%

Strengthen production and procurement efforts

Domestic fresh meats

- Expanding handling volume through procurement that leverages business collaboration with JA Zen-Noh
- · Launch a new farm for domestic pork to enhance livestock numbers and productivity.
- Increase in-house production of domestic chicken, which has steady demand, and procure more domestic chicken from outside sources.

Imported fresh meats

- Stabilize procurement by increasing sourcing countries and packers and using a broad procurement network to tackle the instability in procuring imported fresh meats and rising prices.
- Reduce volatility by improving the accuracy of Al-based supply and demand forecasts.

21 Outlook: Fresh Meats Business Division (2)



Factor analysis: Variance from full-year business profit plan

		2nd half			Full year		
	Forecasts as of 2Q	Forecasts as of 3Q	Variance	Forecasts as of 2Q	Forecasts as of 3Q	Variance	Main factors behind variance from forecast
Domestic beef/pork business	1.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	Secure profits by improving carcass weights in pork production and passing prices through upon pork delivery.
Domestic chicken business	2.2	0.2	(2.0)	(1.4)	(3.4)	(2.0)	We expect market prices to rise in 4Q. However, profit is likely to be affected by high costs in 3Q and rising feed prices in 4Q.
Imported fresh meats business	(1.5)	(2.5)	(1.0)	(0.7)	(1.7)	(1.0)	In 4Q, profit is expected to be affected by the worsened supply-demand balance for imported beef in the 3Q.
Sales (Nippon Food Group companies) and logistics section	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	We expect profit to reach a record high level due to ongoing price pass-through and proposals of meat types to meet demand.
Other (adjustments, etc.)	(0.2)	(0.2)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Total	2.1	(0.9)	(3.0)	(1.0)	(4.0)	(3.0)	



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	FY2024/3 full-year results	Forecasts as of 2Q	Forecasts as of 3Q	Variance	Variance (%)
Net sales	290.0	340.0	340.0	50.0	17.2%
Business profit	2.5	7.0	5.0	2.5	103.7%
Business profit ratio	0.8%	2.1%	1.5%	0.7%	-

Step up efforts to expand external sales

North America Boost brand visibility and drive sales through

promotions.

Increase manufacturing capacity by acquiring a processed food manufacturing company based in

the U.S.

Australia Maximizing sales by flexibly identifying sales

destinations in accordance with the external

environment.

Strengthen sales of premium beef.

Factor analysis: Variance from full-year business profit plan

(¥ billion) (¥ billion)

	2nd half			Full year					
	Forecasts as of 2Q	Forecasts as of 3Q	Variance	Forecasts as of 2Q	Forecasts as of 3Q	Variance	Main factors behind variance from forecast		
Australia	1.9	0.4	(1.5)	4.7	3.2	(1.5)	Cattle prices are anticipated to be unexpectedly high. Procurement costs are projected to stay elevated.		
Americas	(0.5)	(1.0)	(0.5)	(0.2)	(0.7)	(0.5)	Raw material prices for processed chicken products in North America are anticipated to be higher than previously expected.		
Asia & Europe	(0.8)	(0.8)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Sales of chicken remain firm in Turkey		
Others	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Total	0.5	(1.5)	(2.0)	4.5	2.5	(2.0)			

Business profit by region
Full Year FY2025/3
2.7
1.7
1.6
(1.0)
5.0

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24 FY2024/3 Business Results at a Glance and FY2025/3 Forecasts



	F`	/2023/3 result	S	FY2024/3 forecasts						
	1Q-3Q	4Q	Full year	1Q-3Q results	Variance (%)	Forecasts for 4Q	Variance (%)	Full-year forecasts	Variance (%)	
Net sales	997,957	305,475	1,303,432	1,055,018	5.7%	314,982	3.1%	1,370,000	5.1%	
Cost of goods sold	834,271	265,530	1,099,801	879,013	5.4%	268,987	1.3%	1,148,000	4.4%	
Gross profit	163,686	39,945	203,631	176,005	7.5%	45,995	15.1%	222,000	9.0%	
Gross profit ratio	16.4%	13.1%	15.6%	16.7%	-	14.6%	-	16.2%	-	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	126,688	45,386	172,074	136,604	7.8%	47,396	4.4%	184,000	6.9%	
Other income and expenses	5,926	2,749	8,675	3,681	(37.9%)	(4,981)	-	(1,300)	-	
Finance income and costs	639	(399)	240	1,006	57.4%	1,294	-	2,300	-	
Share of profit (loss) in investments accounted for using the equity method	118	9	127	(791)	-	(209)	-	(1,000)	-	
Profit before tax	43,681	(3,082)	40,599	43,297	(0.9%)	(5,297)	-	38,000	(6.4%)	
Income tax expense	12,703	(1,450)	11,253	12,556	(1.2%)	(1,556)	_	11,000	(2.2%)	
Tax rate	29.1%	-	27.7%	29.0%	-	-	-	28.9%	-	
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	29,520	(1,442)	28,078	29,152	(1.2%)	(3,152)	-	26,000	(7.4%)	
Business profit	41,545	3,394	44,939	39,988	(3.7%)	5,012	47.7%	45,000	0.1%	



	FY2024/3 results				FY2025/3 forecasts							
	1Q-3Q	4Q	Full year results	1Q-3Q results	Variance (%)	Volume growth rate	Forecasts for 4Q	Variance (%)	Volume growth rate	Full-year forecasts	Variance (%)	Volume growth rate
Ham and sausages	105,127	30,023	135,150	101,685	(3.3%)	(9.2%)	30,815	2.6%	(4.5%)	132,500	(2.0%)	(8.1%)
Processed foods	180,589	57,281	237,870	181,127	0.3%	(7.5%)	56,873	(0.7%)	(3.1%)	238,000	0.1%	(6.5%)
Fresh meats	629,711	196,999	826,710	685,744	8.9%	2.8%	204,756	3.9%	(1.4%)	890,500	7.7%	1.8%
Beef	250,353	72,935	323,288	283,192	13.1%	0.7%	81,808	12.2%	4.9%	365,000	12.9%	1.7%
Pork	200,821	64,569	265,390	217,976	8.5%	(0.2%)	61,524	(4.7%)	(5.5%)	279,500	5.3%	(1.5%)
Chicken	163,827	55,094	218,921	175,682	7.2%	8.4%	57,318	4.0%	(1.0%)	233,000	6.4%	6.0%
Other fresh meats	14,710	4,401	19,111	8,894	(39.5%)	(46.7%)	4,106	(6.7%)	(15.4%)	13,000	(32.0%)	(37.1%)
Dairy products	29,605	9,358	38,963	31,062	4.9%	2.8%	8,938	(4.5%)	(0.6%)	40,000	2.7%	2.0%
Others (including marine products)	52,925	11,814	64,739	55,400	4.7%	_	13,600	15.1%	_	69,000	6.6%	_
Total	997,957	305,475	1,303,432	1,055,518	5.7%	-	314,982	3.1%	-	1,370,000	5.1%	-

Note 1: From the cumulative third quarter we have revised product categories in the breakdown of revenue. The revenue breakdown for the previous fiscal year has not been re-arranged to match the categories shown in the cumulative third quarter in this fiscal year.

Note 2: Sales by product category are calculated based on segment totals and may not equal segment sales.

Note 3: Results for the previous fiscal year reflect adjustments for discontinued operations.

26 Balance Sheets



					(¥ million)
	End of FY2023/3	End of FY2024/3	FY2025/3 3Q	Variance	YoY change rate (%)
Cash and cash equivalents	64,986	65,465	84,458	18,993	29.0
Trade and other receivables	146,660	165,022	191,012	25,990	15.7
Inventories	141,930	141,429	141,226	(203)	(0.1)
Biological assets	27,984	25,420	31,907	6,487	25.5
Others	46,458	26,094	20,869	(5,225)	(20.0)
Total current assets	428,018	423,430	469,472	46,042	10.9
Property, plant and equipment	364,381	375,211	370,620	(4,591)	(1.2)
Right-of-use assets	40,898	44,814	42,051	(2,763)	(6.2)
Biological assets	1,517	1,531	1,694	163	10.6
Others	102,341	113,251	112,271	(980)	(0.9)
Total non-current assets	509,137	534,807	526,636	(8,171)	(1.5)
Total assets	937,155	958,237	996,108	37,871	4.0
Interest-bearing liabilities	102,199	59,247	128,570	69,323	117.0
Trade and other payables	106,027	116,773	121,404	4,631	4.0
Others	70,310	70,812	57,879	(12,933)	(18.3)
Total current liabilities	278,536	246,832	307,853	61,021	24.7
Interest-bearing liabilities	139,856	155,605	126,783	(28,822)	(18.5)
Others	15,982	16,598	16,459	(139)	(0.8)
Total non-current liabilities	155,838	172,203	143,242	(28,961)	(16.8)
Equity attributable to owners of parent	492,913	527,503	531,693	4,190	0.8
Non-controlling interests	9,868		13,320	1,621	13.9
Total equity	502,781		545,013	5,811	1.1
Total liabilities and equity	937,155	958,237	996,108	37,871	4.0

Major reasons for increase/decrease

[Total current assets]

Current assets increased by 10.9% from the end of the previous fiscal year to ¥469.5 billion, as cash and cash equivalents increased by 29.0% to ¥84.5 billion and trade and other receivables increased by 15.7% to ¥191.0 billion due to seasonal factors, including year-end sales. Meanwhile, other current assets decreased by 27.9% to ¥14.6 billion.

[Total non-current assets]

Non-current assets decreased by 1.5% from the end of the previous fiscal year to ¥526.6 billion, because property, plant and equipment decreased by 1.2% to ¥370.6 billion, while intangible assets and goodwill increased by 17.1% to ¥30.2 billion.

[Total current liabilities & total non-current liabilities]

Total liabilities increased by 7.7% from the end of the previous fiscal year to ¥451.1 billion, mainly because interest-bearing liabilities increased by 18.9% to ¥255.4 billion, given an increase in borrowings prepared for current capital needs, although other current liabilities decreased by 21.3% to ¥38.3 billion, following a reduction in unearned revenue related to Ball Park Business.



Statements of cash flows

(¥ million)

		(+ 111111011)
FY2023/3 1Q-3Q	FY2024/3 1Q-3Q	FY2025/3 1Q-3Q
27,206	43,681	43,297
28,351	29,567	30,757
(60,835)	(37,536)	(23,069)
(27,464)	11,179	565
856	2,434	(3,278)
24,231	18,244	4,426
(22,100)	(7,026)	(20,524)
(29,754)	60,543	32,174
(44,861)	(33,138)	(27,248)
13,929	188	6,159
(30,932)	(32,950)	(21,089)
37,956	(27,818)	4,651
	1Q-3Q 27,206 28,351 (60,835) (27,464) 856 24,231 (22,100) (29,754) (44,861) 13,929 (30,932)	1Q-3Q 1Q-3Q 27,206 43,681 28,351 29,567 (60,835) (37,536) (27,464) 11,179 856 2,434 24,231 18,244 (22,100) (7,026) (29,754) 60,543 (44,861) (33,138) 13,929 188 (30,932) (32,950)

Capital expenditures, depreciation and amortization

(¥ million)

		FY2024/3	FY2025/3						
		1Q-3Q	1Q-3Q results	Variance (%)	Variance	Full-year forecasts			
Capital expenditures		27,267	22,897	(16.0)	(4,370)	39,000			
	Processed Foods Business Division	5,000	3,355	(32.9)	(1,645)	9,900			
	Fresh Meats Business Division	14,096	9,238	(34.5)	(4,858)	15,200			
	Overseas Business Division	4,759	3,719	(21.9)	(1,040)	4,700			
	Ballpark Business	676	1,538	127.5	862	2,600			
	Eliminations, Adjustments and Others	2,736	5,047	84.5	2,311	6,600			
Depreciation and amortization		19,897	20,726	4.2	829	28,000			

Cash flows from operating activities
 * Excluding capital expenditures and depreciation related to right-of-use assets

Net cash flows from investing activities declined by ¥21.1 billion, in part due to the acquisition of non-current assets amounting to ¥28.1 billion.

While trade and other receivables increased by ¥23.1 billion, profit before tax amounted to ¥43.3 billion, depreciation and amortization expenses totaled ¥30.8 billion and trade and other payables increased ¥4.4 billion. As a result, net cash provided by operating activities increased by ¥32.2 billion.

Cash flows from investing activities
 Net each flows from investing activities declined by V31.1.1

[•] Cash flows from financing activities

The net increase in short-term borrowings stood at ¥25.2 billion, and proceeds from debt came to ¥22.0 billion, while the purchase of treasury shares amounted to ¥20.2 billion. As a result, net cash provided by financing activities was ¥4.7 billion.

28 Overseas Business Division: Breakdown of Net Sales by Region



		FY2024/3	results					
		3Q results	1Q-3Q results	3Q results	1Q-3Q results	1Q-3Q sales composition	1Q-3Q variance	1Q-3Q variance (%)
	Net sales	69.5	219.7	82.8	244.4	-	24.7	11.2%
International total	Sales to external customers	39.2	131.2	52.4	146.6	60.0%	15.3	11.7%
	Intersegment sales	30.3	88.5	30.4	97.8	40.0%	9.3	10.6%
	Net sales	23.9	87.1	36.1	99.9	-	12.7	14.6%
Australia	Sales to external customers	21.6	80.2	32.9	88.6	88.8%	8.5	10.6%
	Intersegment sales	2.4	6.9	3.2	11.2	11.2%	4.3	61.7%
	Net sales	33.0	93.7	30.0	96.7	-	3.0	3.2%
Americas	Sales to external customers	10.4	27.8	9.2	29.2	30.2%	1.4	4.9%
	Intersegment sales	22.6	65.9	20.8	67.5	69.8%	1.7	2.5%
	Net sales	12.9	39.7	17.5	49.6	-	9.9	24.8%
Asia & Europe	Sales to external customers	7.2	23.2	10.3	28.7	58.0%	5.5	23.8%
	Intersegment sales	5.6	16.5	7.2	20.8	42.0%	4.3	26.3%

^{*}Net sales includes BPUs subject to business transfer

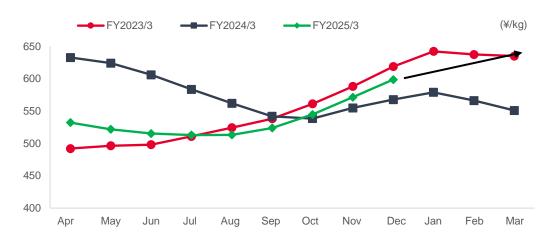
Scan the QR code or click the URL below for other data (collection of materials on market trends)



https://www.nipponham.co.jp/eng/ir/library/market_trend/

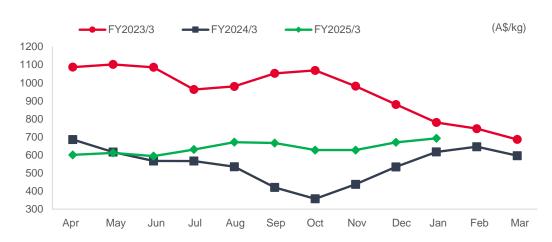
Domestic chicken market price

Source: Weighted average price for chicken meat *simple average unit price cited in "Daily Meat & Livestock" published by Shokuhin Sangyo Shimbunsha Co., Ltd.



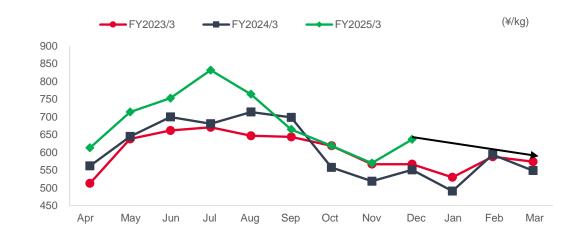
Price of young Australian beef (producer sales price)

Source: MLA



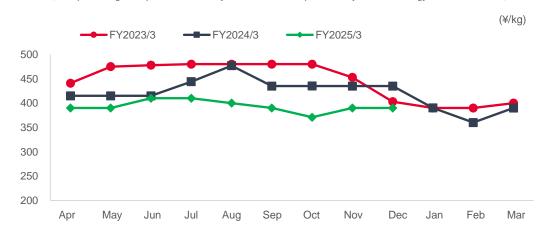
Domestic pork carcass wholesale price

Source: Average price for top grade on the Tokyo Meat Market



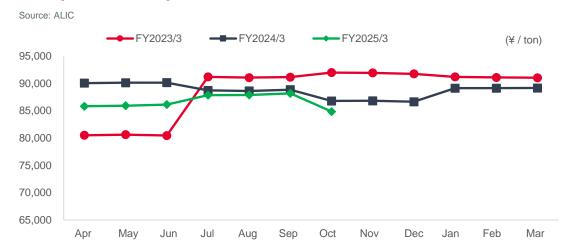
Domestic price of Brazilian chicken thigh meat

Source: Agriculture & Livestock Industries Corporation (ALIC), Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries "Poultry Market Information," simple average unit price cited in "Daily Meat & Livestock" published by Shokuhin Sangyo Shimbunsha Co., Ltd.





Compound feed price

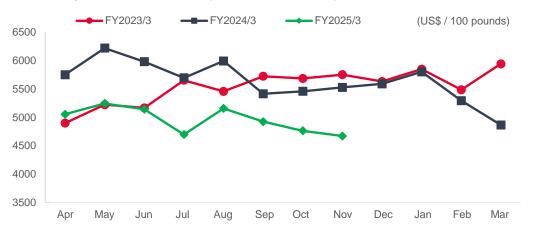


Import price for seasoned pork (GSP)



Price for imported natural intestines *mainly sheep casing (also including pork and beef intestines, etc.)

Source: Ministry of Finance's "Trade Statistics" (calculated as value ÷ volume)





Contact

Public & Investor Relations Department NH Foods Ltd.

ThinkParkTower

2-1-1 Osaki, Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo 141-6013

Tel: +81-3-4555-8024

Email: nhfoods.ir@nipponham.co.jp

Forward-looking statements

This presentation includes forecasts regarding targets, strategies and earnings. These forecasts are based on information available at the current time and contain certain assumptions about the future. They are subject to numerous external uncertainties in areas such as economic environment, market trends and exchange rates. Actual performance may differ significantly from the targets in this presentation, and investment decisions should not be based exclusively on them.